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[illegible] JAY COLLEGE OF CRIMINAL [illegible]

In The

United States Court of Appeals

FOR THE SECOND CIRCUIT

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
Appellee,

against

ALGER HISS,
Appellant.

TRANSCRIPT OF RECORD

Volume VI

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBITS

ON APPEAL FROM THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Spec.
Coll.
KF
224
.H57
H57
1950
v.6
c.1

VOLUME VI

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBITS

Note: Government's Baltimore Exhibits and Government's State Exhibits are numbered separately and are contained in Volumes VII, and VIII and IX, respectively.

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Government's Exhibits for Identification Only

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GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 1

Excerpt from Grand Jury testimony of Alger Hiss on which Count I of Indictment was based.

Omitted here by stipulation; printed at R. 3.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 2

Excerpt from Grand Jury testimony of Alger Hiss on which Count II of Indictment was based.

Omitted here by stipulation; printed at R. 4.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 3

Chart showing connections and disconnections of utilities services at various Hiss residences in Washington, D. C.

Reproduced on following page.

PUBLIC UTILITY RECORDS RELATING TO

RESIDENCES OF ALGER HISS

Residences Washington, D. C.	Records of Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Co., Washington, D. C.		Records Potomac Electric Power Co., Washington, D. C.		Records Washington Gas Light Co., Washington, D. C.	
	Connect	Disconnect	Connect	Disconnect	Connect	Disconnect
3411 O Street	6-13-33	6-9-34				
2831 28th Street, Apt. 42	6-9-34	7-2-35	6-9-34	6-29-35	6-9-34	6-26-35
2905 P Street	4-19-35	6-15-36	4-17-35	6-15-36	4-17-35	6-15-36
1245 30th Street	7-1-36	12-29-37	7-1-36	1-4-38	9-28-36	1-6-38
3415 Volta Place	12-29-37	10-1-43	12-29-37	record missing	12-29-37	9-30-43
3210 P Street	10-1-43	9-22-47			10-1-43	10-31-47

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
2 1949

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
NOV 18 1949

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 4

Letter dated October 4, 1948, J. S. Bartlett to John F. Davis, showing connections and disconnections of electricity at various Hiss residences in Washington, D. C.

October 4, 1948

Mr. John F. Davis,
1700 Eye Street, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Davis:

We have received a request from Priscilla Hiss that we provide you with information relative to electric service which we have supplied to her at several addresses, and we are very glad to comply with that request.

Our records disclose that electric service was supplied to Priscilla Hiss at the following addresses during the periods indicated:

	Service Turned On.		*Service Turned Off.*
Apt. #42—2831-28th St., N.W.	6- 9-34	(*5-1-35)	6-29-35
2905 P Street, N. W.	4-17-35		6-15-36
1245-30th St., N. W.	7- 1-36		1- 4-38
3415 Volta Place, N. W.	12-29-37		

* Our records show that service at Apt. #42—2831 28th Street, N. W., was ordered disconnected as of May 1, 1935, whereas our disconnect records show it was actually discontinued on June 29, 1935. It is rather a common occurrence that a tentative "cutoff" date is established and subsequently we are instructed to postpone that date—or when our meter men arrive to complete the disconnect on the original date requested, they find the occupant still in the house and possibly at that time they are instructed to postpone the disconnect.

Records indicating kilowatt hour consumption and charges for service supplied during these dates are

no longer in our files. Neither do our files disclose any correspondence in this matter. Under requirements of regulatory authorities such information is retained for not over six years.

Very truly yours,
J.S.B.
J. S. BARTLETT,
Commercial Manager.

JSB:VKT

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 5

Personnel Application of Whittaker Chambers for position with WPA.

Omitted here by stipulation; reproduced as part of Defendant's Exhibit J.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 6

Oath of Office of Whittaker Chambers dated October 18, 1937, as employee of WPA.

Omitted here by stipulation; reproduced as part of Defendant's Exhibit J.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBITS 7-A, 7-B AND 7-C

Three photographs of 3415 Volta Place, taken February 2, 1949.

Reproduced on following pages.

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
NOV 21 1949

7a

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
NOV 19 1949

30a

Whittaker Chambers

2/7/49

J Walsh
FBI Washington Lee

Govts 74

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
NOV 21 1949

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
JUN 9 1949

Whittaker Chambers

2/2/49

J. D. Walsh
FBI Washington D.C.

Govt

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
NOV 21 1949

7c

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
NOV 9 1949

Govt

30c

Whittaker Chambers

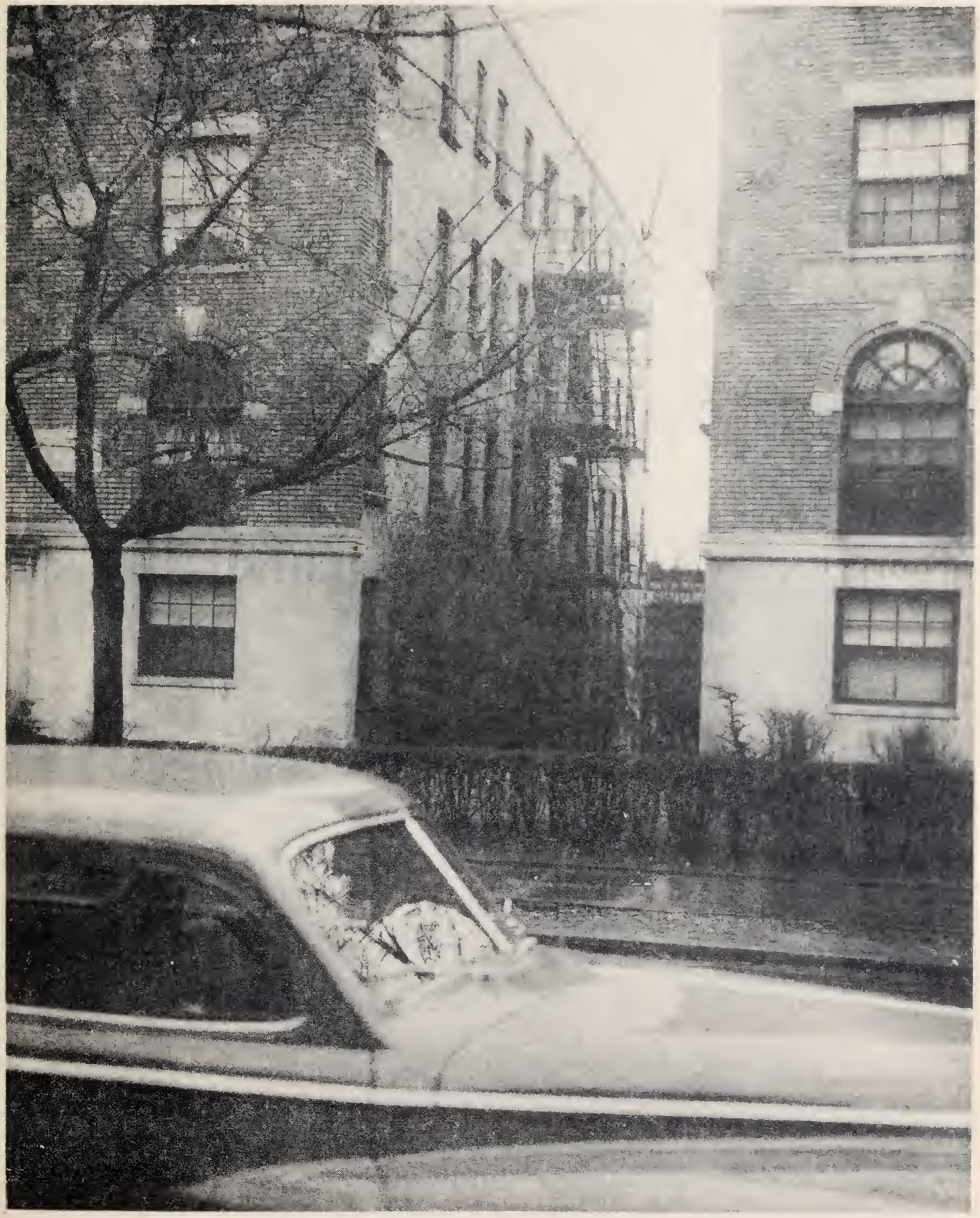
4-21-49

J. D. Walsh
F 131 Washington D.C.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBITS 8-A, 8-B, 8-C AND 8-D

Four photographs of 2831 28th Street, taken February 2, 1949.

Reproduced on following pages.



GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBITS 9-A, 9-B AND 9-C

Three photographs of 1245 30th Street, taken February 2, 1949.

Reproduced on following pages.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBITS 10-A, 10-B AND 10-C

Three photographs of 2905 P Street, taken February 2, 1949.

Reproduced on following pages.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 11

Microfilm strip containing images of Government's Baltimore Exhibits 48, 50, 51 and 52.

Omitted by stipulation.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 12

Microfilm strip containing images of Government's Baltimore Exhibits 48, 50, 51 and 52.

Omitted by stipulation.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 13

"Play for Puppets" by John Kelly (Whittaker Chambers), published in November, 1922, issue of "The Morningside".

Conténts

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The Profane Waltzers	Stanley Hart	7-9
An Immortality	Louis Zukofsky	10
Woman	Julian Fichtner	10
Pilgrimage	D. T. Walden	11-12
Spartacus' Song	W. C.	13
Comment		14-15

THE MORNINGSIDE
"Uninstructive Creative"
VOL. XI November, 1922 No. 1

A Play for Puppets

Characters:

An old Centurion.

A young Centurion.

An angel (angel is dressed in white with tinsel, toy trumpet and wings).

Christ (Christ is dressed in grey kimono, long red hair covers bowed head, hands folded in front of Him).

Voice of God.

Act I

(The morning of the third day. Two Centurions are standing guard before the sepulchre of Christ. Sepulchre is hewn rock, closed by great slab; it occupies all back stage).

YOUNG C: This Jesus in here was a poor fellow.

OLD C: He was obstinate and proud.

YOUNG C: They say he never lay with a woman.

OLD C: I wouldn't blame no man for that. Women are wicked snares to the young. But he tried to keep others from it. That's where he went wrong. Now, Mark Anthony was a man! He could sack a city, a wine jug or a woman to beat any man in the Roman armies. Caesar was luckier and less to my taste. Men followed him because he led them..

YOUNG C: They were before my time.

OLD C: We loved Mark Anthony.

YOUNG C: And you believe he really never lay with a woman?

OLD C: This Nazarene? Pah! No! He had no blood. Mark Anthony, now, was all blood. Why, I've seen him tremble with the curtains of the Egyptian's palanquin. By Baal, she'd break forth like the sun. That was a woman! And every man her moon to catch her mood. O, I've seen

generals, grey beards weeping for rage to keep him from her. Let them alone, said I, let them alone. But old men are obstinate.

YOUNG C: Well, Octavius wouldn't sweat for her.

OLD C: No, he's like this Jesus. He'd have none of women. I saw him the day that Herod of Judea went over to the Roman arms.

YOUNG C: That is the day you deserted?

OLD C: Deserted? Heh? Deserted! Who was I to stand against the Senate and armies of the Roman people? I was never proud. I might have been a captain of ten thousand, but thought I, my father was a centurion and Mark Anthony makes me a centurion. What's good for my father is good for me. And so I told my betters and so I tell you. Be content and life will——!

YOUNG C: (abstracted) There is a woman in the Saad street of Jerusalem with breasts like king-pines. I hope the winter will be open in Apulia.

OLD C: Why in Apulia?

YOUNG C: My mother lives in Agrigentum of Apulia. But I have given away my pay to the beautiful one of the Saad street.

4

The Morningside

OLD C: When I was very young I loved in Ephesus. She gilded her breasts like Persian oranges. But you are young; you do not yet know that all women look alike in the dark.

(Thunder stroke! The slab falls face downward. Centurions flee. Angel enters.)

ANGEL: Arise! Arise! Let the Son of God arise from death and forsake the sepulchre. For Thou art the truth, the way and the light.

VOICE OF CHRIST: (from tomb) Who is breaking my sleep?

ANGEL: The Word of God.

VOICE OF C: What is God?

ANGEL: Thy Father which is in Heaven.

VOICE OF C: (recollecting) Heaven? Let me sleep. I am weary.

ANGEL: Arise! Arise! It is the morning of the

third day. Let the Son of God arise from the dead!

VOICE OF C: Why do you bring the light back to me?

ANGEL: Thou shall stand upon the right hand of the throne of God and intercede for the Souls of sinful men.

VOICE OF C: What is sin? Do not men live and do not men die? I wish to sleep.

ANGEL: (blowing toy-trumpet) Arise! Lord! Lord! Arise!

VOICE OF C: Does God never die?

ANGEL: The Lord high God is Thine eternal Father.

5

The Morningside

VOICE OF C: Some thoughtless one has betrayed thee. My father is Joseph, the carpenter of Nazareth. Roll back the stone and go thy way. It is very quiet in the earth and I will sleep.

(Thunder and trumpets.)

VOICE OF GOD: Behold! Behold! Ye Nations! This, the beloved Son of The Most High God is arisen and redeems the souls of men!

ANGEL: Behold! Thou art risen! Come forth.

CHRIST: (Meekly following Angel off right) I am the truth, the way and the light.

(Centurions stealing back.)

OLD C: Thus women work evil upon men. This comes of talk of loose women. They have stolen the body.

YOUNG C: We shall be whipped.

OLD C: I shall lose my century.

YOUNG C: I must see her tonight tho they kill me.

Curtain.

John Kelly.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 14

Photocopies of Government's Baltimore Exhibits 1 through 4.

Omitted by stipulation; originals reproduced as part of Government's Baltimore Exhibits.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 15

Cover story from "Time", March 8, 1948, written by Whittaker Chambers, entitled "Faith for a Lenten Age".

Omitted by stipulation.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 16

Cover story from "Time", August 16, 1943, written by Whittaker Chambers, entitled "Peace and the Papacy".

Omitted by stipulation.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 17

Notes of Whittaker Chambers's conversations with Raymond Murphy, March 20, 1945, and August 28, 1946.

Reproduced on following pages.

Memorandum of Conversation, Tuesday, March 20, 1945, Westminster, Md.

The person talking was the liaison man for the Communitst Party of the United States with most of the persons listed below and he spoke from personal knowledge not hearsay. At the time he described the official line of the Communist Party was anti-Adminstration, pretty violent, and the anithises of the Popular Front days of post-1935. It is true that this second phase blended in with the first period during which these persons continued coopeyation.

It seems that in 1934 with the establishment of the Agricuktural Adjustment Administration and the intrpduction of much reform legislation in Washington, the Communist Party decided its influence could be felt more strongly by enlisting the actibe support of underground workers not openly identified with the Party and never previoulsy affiliated with the Party but whose background and training would make them possible prospects as ffiliates forunder the guise of advancing reform legislation. The Hungarian, party name J. Peters was seclected by the Central Committee to supervise the work from New York. His Washington representative and contact man was the informant and he personally met and discussed mahy times various problems with the persons listed below except those specifically named as coming under another person's jusrisdiction. The persons listed below are said to have disclosed much confidential matter and to have arranged among themselves a program committing this government to a policy in keeping with the desires of the Communist Party.

Thepe opportunity presented itself for the formation of an undergonound group with the appointment to a leading position in the Agricultural Adjustment Adminsitation in 1934 of one Harold Ware. Ware had worked for years in agricultural collectivization projects in Russia. He was a son of Ella Reeves Bloor, veteran American Communists bytone of her numerous marriages. On being assigned to this agency Ware found a group of very promising, ambitious young men with advanced social and political ideas. Among them were Lee Preseman, Alger Hiss, Henry Collins and Charles Kramer (Krivitzky). They all joined the Communist Party and became leaders of cells. No cell hace over ten members. This was the nucleus of the communist underground organkzation in Washington. The prupose was for each memebr to advance as high as possible in the government to shape legislation favorable to the program of the Communist Party.. The top leaders of the under ground were:

1. Harold Ware.
2. Lee Pressman.
3. Alger Hiss. In the order of their im portanced.

There were varius underground headquarters in Washington at the time. Among these were a violin studio hear Dupont Circle run by Helen ware, another place was a school on the outskirts of Washington run by Alice Mendham.

The informant dealt with these people from 1934 to the end of 1937 when he broke with the Party and attempted to persudde varous of these contacts to break also. He remembers several conversations with Alger Hiss in the early part

of

1938 during which Hiss was adamant against the plan of breaking with the Party. He desrcibed Hiss as a person with a charming peronality, abolustely sincere in his convictions and motivated by the idea that he was on the right track.

The informant traced the jobs of thse men until the end of 1937 and in each job they worked together with each other and with the aParty. Later adherents to the Party inckuded Donald Hiss, henry Collins and a man nmed Post in the State Department.

In a special category were Noah Field and Lawrence Duggane of the State Department. Field was described as a member at large of the Party, Duggan was not. Neither was connected with the undergonound and in fact the undergr.und had orders to refrain from cojtacting them. The special liaison of Field and Duggan was one Hetta Gumperts. She is now in the personnel department of the Todd Sipbuilding Corporation and is married to Paul Massing, a formmer member of the German Communist Party described by General Krivitzky in his book. Massing is a penologist for the State of Pennsylvania and they have a famr near Quakertwon , Penna. He is also known as Karl Billinger. Hetta Gumperts is a Viennese Jewish grild. When Field wnet to the League of Nations in 1936 he left Duggan in her special care. Gumperts was a Communist International agent. It is understood that Field and Duggan disclosed any information she wanted to know.

Harry White if the Treasury was described as a member at large but rather timid. He put on as assistants in the Treasury Glaser a member of the undergnound group and an Adler or Odler another Party member. The two Coe brothers, also Party members, were also put on by White.

Nathan Kaplan head of the National Research Project was a party member as was the other head and his sister Rose Weinstein.

Lee Pressman was not lnky a Party member. He was directed by the Party to accept the offer of John L. Lewis in 1936 to become General C ounsel of the C.I.C. Pressman si said to have run arms to Spain during the Civial War via Mexico and to have worked with Geral Mark More in tha project. Moren was involved in the Rubens* Robinson passport case in 1938.

Nathan Witt of the Labor Board was a Party member. and also underground.

When Harold Ware was killed in an auto accident near Baltiomore about 1936, John Abtsucceeded him as leader of the undergound in Washington. Abt not only succeeed him in the job, he married Ware's widow Jessica Smith. Abt today is associated as coun -sel of the CIO-PAC with Sidney Hillman and was a delegate to the recent Trade Union Conference in London.

Eleanor Nelson ran a low-grade but important commujist proup in the overnment. More of a trade union group but its members gad access to government files which would be made available to the Party. Liss was a member of this group.

1938 during which Hiss was adamant against the plan of breaking with the Party. He desrcibed Hiss as a person with a charming peronality, abolustely sincere in his convictions and motivated by the idea that he was on the right track.

The informant traced the jobs of thse men until the end of 1937 and in each job they worked together with each other and with the Party. Later adherents to the Party inckuded Donald Hiss, henry Collins and a man nmed Post in the State Department.

In a special category were Noel Field and Lawrence Duggane of the State Department. Field was described as a member at large of the Party, Duggan was not. Neither was connected with the undergonound and in fact the underground had orders to refrain from cojtacting them. The special liaison of Field and Duggan was one Hetta Gumperts. She is now in the personnel department of the Todd Sipbuilding Corporation and is married to Paul Massing, a formmer member of the German Communist Party described by General Krivitzky in his book. Massing is a penologist for the State of Pennsylvania and they have a famr near Quakertwon , Penna. He is also known as Karl Billinger. Hetta Gumperts is a Viennese Jewish grild. When Field wnet to the League of Nations in 1936 he left Duggan in her special care. Gumperts was a Communist International agent. It is understood that Field and Duggan disclosed any information she wanted to know.

Harry White if the Treasury was described as a member at large but rather timid. He put on as assistants in the Treasury Glaser a member of the undergpound group and an Adler or Odler another Party member. The two Coe brothers, also Party members, were also put on by White.

Nathan Kaplan head of the National Research Project was a party member as was the other head and his sister Rose Weinstein.

Lee Pressman was not Inky a Party member. He was directed by the Party to accept the offer of John L. Lewis in 1936 to become General C ounsel of the C.I.O. Pressman si said to have run arms to Spain during the Civial War via Mexico and to have worked with Geral Mark More in tha project. Moren was involved in the Rubens* Robinson passport case in 1938.

Nathan Witt of the Labor Board was a Party member. and also underground.

When Harold Ware was killed in an auto accident near Baltiomore about 1936, John Abtsucceeded him as leader of the undergound in Washington. Abt not only succeeed him in the job, he married Ware's widow Jessica Smith. Abt today is associated as coun -sel of the CIO-PAC with Sidney Hillman and was a delegate to the recent Trade Union Conference in London.

Eleanor Nelson ran a low-grade but important commujist proup in the overnment. More of a trade union gpoup but its members gad access to government files which would be made available to the Party. Liss was a member of this group.

MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION, August 28, 1948

The Communist underground in Washington is believed to have been set up sometime in 1933 after the inauguration of President Roosevelt. My informant does not know how or when it was set up, but he believes that Harold Ware had a prominent part in creating the underground and in enlisting key members. Ware, of course, would have acted pursuant to orders from the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the United States.

My informant entered into the Washington picture in the summer of 1935 and left it and the Party at the end of December, 1937. The group was already in being and functioning actively. His superior was the Hungarian known as J. Peters, the national head of the Communist underground movement. My informant acted as a courier between Washington and New York. He participated in oral discussions in Washington with the group which Peters himself conducted. They met only the top layer -- in other words, leaders of cells of the Communist underground in Government circles.

My informant did not know the Coe who taught at McGill University, but he understood that he was a Communist. The Harry other Coe he definitely knew to be a Communist. Harold White was reported to be a member of one of the cells, not a leader, and his brother-in-law, a dentist in New York is said to be a fanatical Communist. Alger Hiss was never to make converts. His job was to mess up policy. The Post of the State Department was a cell member. He thought he was of Nat Perlow's group. Post was formerly on the WPA where he measured skulls. He was definitely of minor importance in the movement compared with Hiss.

The heads of the various underground groups in Washington who met with Peters were the Hisses, Kramer (Krivitzky), Henry Collins, who was either Secretary or Treasurer of the group, John Abt, Lee Pressman, Nat Perlow, and Nat Witt. These men met regularly at special meetings. With the exception of Donald Hiss, who did not have an organization ~~committee~~ they or headed parallel organizations. But they did not know the personnel of the different organizations.

Hal Ware was the top man of these organizations. Upon his death in 1936 a fight broke out for leadership, but Nat Witt won out. Sometime after 1937 Witt is said to have been succeeded by Abt.

(There were other underground Communist groups operating in Washington, but this was the elite policy-making, top-level group.) This group did not exchange secret documents from the Government Departments, but did give sealed reports on the membership of the groups and on policy. It was not a spy ring but one far more important and cunning because its members helped to shape policy in their Departments. Henry Collins

as Secretary or Treasurer, delivered most of the sealed reports to my informant. At that time ~~Harold~~ Henry Collins was believed to be working in the Forestry Division of Agriculture.

Peters was in the Agricultural Department of Hungary under Bela Kun. He was in the Austrian Army in World War I. He is a little dark fellow, small feet and wavy black hair.

At the meetings in Washington with this group Peters would give pep talks on Communist theory. He would then talk to each leader separately. Peters often discussed the morale with my informant. He praised the Hiss boys to my informant very highly but was doubtful of Pressman. He had a high opinion of Witt, a slightly less high opinion of Abt, thought Kramer was a nice boy but shallow and had very little use for Perlow. He liked Henry Collins.

My informant asked Alger Hiss personally to break with the Party in early 1938, but Hiss refused with tears in his eyes and said he would remain loyal to the Party.

After his break with the Party, Grace Hutchins telephoned the mother of my informant on Long Island one night and said that if he did not return to the Party by the following Thursday, it was a question of his death.

London — Underground Espionage Agent

(1) Dr. Philip Rosenblieff - Formerly of (41st St. & B'way, NE)
Dr. Greenberg - MD (West 70th NY
Brother-in-law
American leader of British Underground C.
Head in America Mack Moren (alias Philipovitch
- allegedly Yugoslav) -
real name - ?

Rosenblieff - in U.S.
connected with Dr. Isador Miller - Chemist's Club - 41st St.
Chemist, Explosive Arsenal, Picatinny, N.J.
was "front" behind Mack Moren existed - in
Miller's employ
(2) Knew Pressman - his alias was "Cole Philips" -
Introduced him to Mack Moren, buying arms
for Spanish (Loyalist) Gov't. -
Pressman - as counsel - helped Moren - made
a flight to Mexico with him; forced down
at Brownsville, Tex. in late '36 or early
'37 - probably fall of '36.

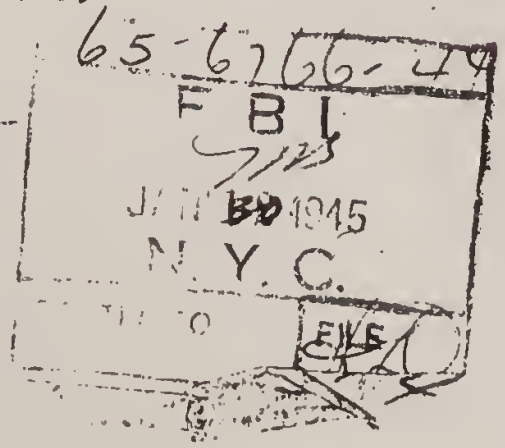
Pressman

Underground organized by the late Harold Ware; Pressman
was in his group - (1932-33??) Pressman then in the
A.A.A.
Nathan Witt - Secretary of the NLRB - head of the
underground group after Harold Ware-

(3) John Abt - followed Witt in that group -
Tax Div'n - Dep't of Justice & now
in CIO (M. Ware's widow - Jessica Smith
Ed. Soviet Russia).

Mr. Abt - Sister: Marion Bacharach - Secretary
- Communist from Minnesota.
(Jessica Smith: With Reuters in 1926 -
friend of Louis Fischer)

Meeting place: John Abt's house - 15th St.
Charles Krivitsky - alias Charles Kramer - (C.I.O.)
worked in La Follette Committee -
Physicist.



Vincent Reno - Now at Aberdeen Proving Grounds -
Computer - Math. Assist. to Col. Zornig
(Aerial bomb sight Detectors)

Formerly CP organizer under alias "Lance Clark."

Philip Reno in Social Security (??) -
was head of Underground Trade Union Group
Political leader

(1)

---

(5) Elinor Nelson, treasurer of Fed. Employees' Union -
(Fed. Workers' Union, C.I.O. - headed by
Jake Baker)

---

(6) Reno connected with Baltimore Party
organizer - Benjamin (Sunday) Friedman
alias Field - then California - then Russia
- now organizer for Baltimore & Washington
of Above-Ground Party - Underground connections -

State

Post - Editorship, Foreign Service Journal
Was in Alexandria Unit of CP - in
"Underground Apparatus" -
Duggan - Laurence - (Member CP??)

(Wadleigh?) Wadley - Trade Agreement Section
Lovell - " " "

(7) Communist Shop Group
Elinor Nelson - Laurence Duggan - Julian Wadleigh -
West European Div'n - Field - still in -
(Levine says he is out went into I.L.O.
Then in Committee for Repatriation
His leader was Hedda Gompertz

---

(18) Laughlin Currie: Was a "Fellow Traveler" -
helped various Communists - never went the
whole way. -

---

(9) S.E.C. -

Philip Reno - used to be

Treasury

(10)

Schlomer Adler (Sol Adler?)
Counsel's Office
Sends weekly reports to C.P. (Gen. Counsel's Office)
Frank Coe - Now teacher at McGill.
There are two: brother - One of them
in CP 's "Foreign Bureau" - Bob Coe

---

(11)

Known from Peters - formerly in Bela Kun
Govt. Agricultural Commissariat - called Gandoss (?)
Then to Russia - then here, in Business Office of
Communist paper "Uj Elori" - then, after 1929 -
head of CP Underground, lived in Hamilton Ap'ts.
Woodside, L.I. - under alias "Silver" - &
lectured in Communist camps -
Friend: "Blake" of "Freiheit" - Real name -
Wiener - American: Polish Jew. -
Peters was responsible for Washington Sector
Went to Moscow - where is he now? -
Wife - a Comintern courier -
West Coast - Head: "The Old Man" - Volkov is
his real name - daughter a Comintern
courier. He knows the West Coast
underground - Residence: San Francisco
or Oakland -

---

(12)

Alexander Trachtenberg - Politburo -
member of the Exec. Committee
Head of GPU in U.S.
Works with Peters -

---

(13)

Plans for two Super-battleships -
secured in 1937 - who gave -
Kamp - brother-in-law of Molotov - working
with Scott Ferris, got this released -
Now: Naval Architect working on it, why??
Field was original contact
He introduced Duggan to Comperts (Hedda)
Duggan's relationship was casual -
Shall excuse? - Where is Hedda
Comperts? -
Duggan & Field supposed to have
been both members of party. -

Chas. Gottlieb

(14)

Donald Hiss
(Philippine Adviser)
Member of C.P. with Pressman & Witt -
Labor Dep't. - Asst. to Frances Perkins -
Party wanted him there - to send him
as arbitrator in Bridges trial -
Brought along by brother -

Alger Hiss
Ass't. to Sayre - CP - 1937
Member of the Underground Com. - Active
Baltimore boys -
Wife - Priscilla Hiss - Socialist -
Early days of New Deal

---

(13)

Note - When Loy Henderson interviewed Mrs. Kubens his report immediately went back to Moscow. Who sent it? - Such case from Washington.

reasonable; state religion. E 466 Times.

WELL furnished 5-room cottage; Delaware River, mountains; improvements, bathing; bass fishing; $100. Bishop, Long Eddy, N. Y.

HUDSON- Bungalow 2 rooms compl-

Peekskill 1584.

WELL FURNISHED COTTAGES on Delaware River; mountains, fishing, bathing; improvements; $80 to $100 season. Bishop, Long Eddy, N. Y.

OWN your own summer resort 1600 acre

ugston, N. Y.

FURNISHED bungalow, Delaware River, mountains; improvements, screened porches; bathing, fishing; $75. M. Bishop, Long Eddy, N. Y.

BUNGALOW, furnished, for rent, in bea

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 24

Certified copy of certificate of doing business under name of American Feature Writers Syndicate.

Reproduced on following pages.

57885

10017
1934

Certificate

of

MAXIM LIEBER
CHARLES F. CHASE
LLOYD CANTWELL

Conducting Business Under
the Name of

American Feature Writers
Syndicate
545 Fifth Ave. N.Y.C.

Pursuant to § 440 Penal Law

FILED
SEP -4 '34
NEW YORK
CO. CLERK'S OFFICE

PHOTOSTAT COPIES ISSUED
STUB No. 93084
PAGES
TOTAL PAGES 2
NOV 16 1949
COUNTY CLERK, N. Y.
BY

SEP 4 - 1934
Date
County Clerk, N. Y. Co.
By
Cashier

Fee 50
9/4/34
Date
County N. Y. Co.
By

201—Certificate of Conducting Business Under an Assumed Name. Penal Law Sec. 440.

JULIUS BLUMBERG, INC., LAW BLANK PUBLISHERS 71 BROADWAY AND 1 REECTOR ST., NEW YORK

State of New York. }
County of } ss.:

The undersigned do hereby certify that they conduct or transact business in the said County under the name and style of

American Feature Writers Syndicate

at 545-5th Ave in the said County of New York and State of New York, and further certify that the true or real full name ∆ of the person ∆ conducting or transacting the said business, are as follows:

Signature	*Residence*
Marvin Fisher	43 West 46th Street
Charles F. Chase	327 West 88th St.
Lloyd Cantwell	43 W. 46 St.

State of New York, }
County of New York } ss.:

On this 31st day of August, 1934, before me personally appeared

Marvin Fisher
Charles F Chase
Floyd Cantwell

to me known and known to me to be the individual ∩ described in, and who executed the foregoing certificate, and they thereupon duly acknowledged to me that they executed the same

1K

Irving A Steinberg

NOTARY PUBLIC, BRONX COUNTY
BRONX CO. CLK'S No 349, REG. No. 293536
N. Y. CO. CLK'S No. 1768, REG. No. 651073
COMMISSION EXPIRES MARCH 30, 1936

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBITS 25 AND 26

Photographs which Chambers testified showed Harry Dexter White house, Peterborough, N. H.

Reproduced on following pages.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 27

Birth certificate of David Breen, with passport agency stamp.

Omitted here by stipulation; reproduced (except for passport agency stamp) as Defendant's Exhibit A.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 28

Birth certificate of Ursula Breen.

Front reproduced on following page; back of document omitted by stipulation.

CITY OF ATLANTIC CITY

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

I, Alfred T. Glenn, *Registrar of Vital Statistics of Atlantic City, do hereby Certify, That the following is a True and Correct Transcript from the Record of Births in my office:*

DATE OF BIRTH	PLACE OF BIRTH	NAME OF CHILD	SEX OF CHILD
Nov.12th.1933	Atlantic City	Ursula Breen	Female

NAME OF PARENTS	OCCUPATION OF FATHER	RESIDENTS OF PARENTS
David Breen Edna Rogers	Writer	Riviera Apartments

CERTIFICATE SIGNED BY John D. Curran, M. D.

In Testimony Whereof, *I have herewith set my hand and affixed the Official Seal of the said Department of Atlantic City, this*

Twenty-sixth *day of*

March, *A. D., 1935.*

Registrar of Vital Statistics

ATTEST:

Health Officer

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y. 28
NOV 29 1949

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 29

Draft copy of application for David Breen passport.

Reproduced on following pages.

PASSPORT APPLICATION

[FORM FOR NATIVE CITIZEN]

[EDITION OF 1932]

Gov't Exhibit 29
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
NOV 23 1949

The legal fee for a passport is nine dollars, in currency or postal money order, and one dollar for execution of application.
The total fee is $10.00. It is unnecessary to pay any other fee to any person in connection with the filling out or execution of this application or for obtaining the passport. All necessary information and guidance will be given applicant by the clerk of court or Passport Agent before whom this application must be executed.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

STATE OF _____ } ss:
COUNTY OF _____

I, David Braun (Name in full), a NATIVE CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES, hereby apply to the Department of State, at Washington, for a passport. I solemnly swear that I was born at New York (City or town), N. Y. (State), on Apr. 28, 1900 (Date); that I was {~~never married~~ / married on} Apr 3, 1929. (A woman must insert date of each marriage); that my {father / ~~husband~~}, John Edward Braun (A woman who has been married must insert husband's name), was born at [illegible] (City or town) [illegible] (State or country); and is now residing at Died Sept. 26, 1908. (Give present address. If deceased, give date of death)

(To be printed in full by applicant for passport) 130 Braun (Surname) David (First name) _____ (Middle name)

(The portion in this block to be filled in only by a person whose father was not born in the United States)

My father emigrated to the United States on or about _____, resided continuously in the United States from 1_____ to 1_____, at _____, and was naturalized as a citizen of the United States before the _____ (Name of court), Court of _____ (District, State, county) at _____ (City and State) on _____ (Month) _____ (Day), 1_____ (Year)

I am domiciled in the United States, my **permanent residence** being at _____ (Street address) in the city of _____, State of _____

I {~~have~~ / have not} taken an oath of allegiance to, or been naturalized as a citizen or subject of any foreign State.
(If applicant took oath of allegiance to, or was naturalized in a foreign State, a supplementary statement, under oath, should be attached)

(The portion in this block to be filled in by a woman who is married to an alien and by a person whose father was not born in the United States)

I have resided outside of the United States at the following places for the following periods:
[Name each country and length of stay in each]

_____, from _____ (Departure from U. S.) to _____

_____ (Names of countries), from _____ to _____ (Return to U. S.)

My last passport was obtained from _____ (Washington or location of office abroad), on _____ (Date)

and is submitted herewith for cancellation _____ (Give disposition of passport if it can not be submitted)

I am about to go abroad temporarily and intend to return to the United States within 2 {~~months~~ / years}

France, England, Italy (Name countries to be visited) Business & Travel (Object of visit)

I request that my passport include my wife _____ (See footnotes) (Name in full), who was born at _____ (Place and State or country) on _____ (Date), and to whom I was married on _____ (Date of marriage). Her present address is _____ (City) (State) (Country)

PORTION IN THIS BLOCK MUST BE FILLED IN IF MARRIAGE TOOK PLACE ON OR AFTER SEPTEMBER 22, 1922

My wife's maiden name was Elma Rogers (Name), and she {~~was~~ / was not} previously married on _____ (Date of each previous marriage)

Her former husband, _____ (Full name of former husband), was born at _____ (City and State or country), and {he died / they were divorced} on _____ (Date)

[My wife emigrated to the United States on or about _____ and (her father) (her former husband) was naturalized as a citizen of the United States before the _____ Court of
(Portion in brackets not to be filled in if wife claims citizenship through birth in the United States)
_____ at _____ (City and State) on _____ (Month) _____ (Day), 1_____ (Year),
as shown by the accompanying Certificate of Naturalization. Since naturalization she has resided abroad at the following places for the following periods: [Name each country visited and the length of stay in each]

_____, from _____ (Departure from U. S.) to _____

_____ (Names of countries visited), from _____ to _____ (Return to U. S.)

I request that my passport include my minor children as follows:

_____, born at _____ on _____, **residing at** _____

_____, born at _____ on _____, **residing at** _____

_____ (Names in full), born at _____ (Place and State or country) on _____ (Date), **residing at** _____

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE

Further, I do solemnly swear that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; and that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion: So help me God.

_____
(Signature of applicant)

Sworn to before me this ___ day

of _____, 193

[SEAL OF COURT]

_____

Clerk of the _____ *Court of* _____

DESCRIPTION OF APPLICANT

Height: 5 feet, 6½ inches. Age: 35 years.

Hair: Brown Eyes: Blue gray

Distinguishing marks or features: _____
(Note any facial marks or scars by which applicant may be identified)

Place of birth: New York City **Date of birth:** Apr. 28, 1900
(City and State) (Month, day, and year)

Occupation: Literary Agent

I intend to leave the United States from the port of New York
(Port of departure)

sailing on board the _____ on _____, 193
(Name of ship) (Date of departure)

ADDRESS

I request that my passport be mailed to the following address:

Name: David Breen, c/o Liber,

No. and Street: 545 Fifth Ave.,

City and State: New York City.

[NOTE.—A passport will not be mailed to an hotel address unless the hotel is the applicant's place of permanent residence.]

AFFIDAVIT OF IDENTIFYING WITNESS

I, the undersigned, solemnly swear that I am a citizen of the United States; that I reside at the address written below my signature hereto affixed; that I know the applicant who executed the affidavit herein before set forth to be a citizen of the United States; that the statements made in the applicant's affidavit are true to the best of my knowledge and belief; further, I solemnly swear that I have known the applicant personally for _____ years.

If witness has been issued a passport, give number and date of issue or approximate date of issue.

No._____ Date of issue_____

No lawyer or other person will be accepted as witness to a passport application if he has received or expects to receive a fee for his services in connection with the execution of the application or obtaining the passport.

Sworn to before me this _____ day

of _____, 193

_____

Clerk of the _____ *Court*

at _____

[SEAL OF COURT]

Samuel Kahn
(Name of witness)

_____
(Residence address of witness)

PASTE PHOTOGRAPH HERE

The Clerk or Agent will not accept the application unless he is fully satisfied of its bona fides and the identity of the applicant.

Seal of Court or Passport Agency must be impressed on the photograph so as to partly cover one side but not the features.

Two photographs (duplicates) are required; one to be affixed to the application in the space designated above, and the other, bearing the signature of the applicant, to accompany the application unattached. A group photograph should be used if more than one person is to be included in the passport. Photographs must be on thin paper, should have a light background and be not over 3 by 3 inches nor less than 2½ by 2½ inches in size.

PLEASE NOTE.—As the Department of State will act upon this application promptly, inquiry concerning it should be made only in case of emergency.

A person born in the United States should submit a birth or baptismal certificate with his application, or if a birth or baptismal certificate is not obtainable, affidavits from the attending physician, parents, or other persons having sufficient knowledge to be able to testify as to the date and place of the applicant's birth should be submitted. The same kind of evidence should be submitted if American-born wife is included in the application and the marriage occurred on or after September 22, 1922. If wife acquired American citizenship through naturalization on or after date just mentioned, evidence of her citizenship of the nature set forth in the PASSPORT REGULATIONS should be submitted.

1—1146

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE 1926

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE

Further, I do solemnly swear that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; and that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion: So help me God.

(Signature of applicant)

Sworn to before me this ... . day

[SEAL OF COURT]

cover one side but not the features.

Two photographs (duplicates) are required; one to be affixed to the application in the space designated above, and the other, bearing the signature of the applicant, to accompany the application unattached. A group photograph should be used if more than one person is to be included in the passport. Photographs must be on thin paper, should have a light background and be not over 3 by 3 inches nor less than 2½ by 2½ inches in size.

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1—1149

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1933

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 30

Joint bank book, David and Edna Rogers Breen, First National Bank & Trust Co., Newtown, Pa.

Portions reproduced on following pages; balance omitted by stipulation.

Govt

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
NOV 29 1949

30

FIRST NATIONAL BANK & TRUST CO.

NEWTOWN, PA.

IN ACCOUNT WITH

David Breen
or Edna Rogers Breen
New Hope, Pa.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK & TRUST CO.

NEWTOWN, PA.

David Brown or

Edna Rogers Brown

Dr. *In account with* **Cr.**

1936			
Aug 17	✓		62
Sept 17	✓		40
Nov 3	✓		20
1937			
Jan 14	✓		45

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 31

Savings bank book, Edna Rogers Breen, First National Bank & Trust Co., Newtown, Pa.

Portions reproduced on following pages; balance omitted by stipulation.

No. 2192

Savings Fund Department

OF

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK AND TRUST COMPANY

OF NEWTOWN, PA.

IN ACCOUNT WITH

Edna Rogers Green

New Hope

Take care of this book. It must be presented when Depositing, Withdrawing or Givlng Notice.

If lost, mislaid or stolen, notify the Bank at once.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

No. 2192

The First National Bank & Trust Company In Account with
OF NEWTOWN, PA.

Edna Rogers Brown

Date	Deposited	Withdrawn	Balance	Date	Deposited	Withdrawn	Balance
1936							
July 13	20		20				
15	17		37				
29	20		57				
Aug 12		57	0				

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 32

Joint bank book, David and Edna Rogers Breen, Solebury National Bank, Solebury, Pa.

Portions reproduced on following pages; balance omitted by stipulation.

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
NOV 29 1949

Govt.
32

Solebury National Bank

OF NEW HOPE, PA.

IN ACCOUNT WITH

David Breen

PAYABLE TO EITHER OR THE SURVIVOR.

Edna Rogers Breen

Hintnersville Pa.

N.D.

SOLEBURY NATIONAL BANK
OF NEW HOPE, PA.

In Account With

David Brun
Edna Rogers Brun
PAYABLE TO EITHER OR THE SURVIVOR

1936											
May	26	✓			320	86					
June	6	✓			110	00					
	9.	✓			30	00					
	25	✓			85	00					
July	9	✓			43	00					
	17	✓			50	00					
	29	✓			26	17					
Aug	30	✓			140	00					
Sept	9.	✓			89	50					
Nov.	1.	✓			100	38					

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 33

Certified copy of passport application, dated June 12, 1923, Whittaker Chambers.

Reproduced on following pages.

No. 6006

United States of America

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
NOV 29

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

To whom these presents shall come, Greeting:

I Certify That the document hereunto annexed is a true copy of the application upon Passport, No. 309316 ----------, was issued by the Department of State, ----------June 14, 1923, to Whittaker Chambers ---------- of the United States.

In testimony whereof, I, DEAN ACHESON, Secretary of State, have hereunto caused the seal of the Department of State to be affixed and my name subscribed by the Authentication Officer of the said Department, at the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, this seventeenth day of November, 1949.

Dean Acheson
Secretary of State.

By H. P. Chamberlain
Authentication Officer, Department of State.

309316

[illegible] and each copy of an application for a passport must have attached to it a copy of the applicant's photograph. [illegible] signed photograph of the applicant must accompany the application. [illegible] must be on thin paper, should have a light background, and be not over three inches in size.

[illegible] This blank must be completely filled out. The legal fee of nine dollars, in currency or postal money order, must accompany the application.

A woman's application must state whether she is married or not, and a married woman must state whether her husband is a native citizen.

The rules should be carefully read before mailing the application to the Department of State, Division of Passport Control, Washington, D. C.

[EDITION OF 1922.]

[FORM FOR NATIVE CITIZEN.]

The total cost of a passport is $10.00. It is unnecessary to pay any other fee to any person in connection with the filling out or execution of this application or for obtaining the passport. The clerk of court or Passport Agent before whom this application is executed will give the applicant all necessary information and guidance.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
PASS PORT
JUN 14 1923
ISSUED
WASHINGTON

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

STATE OF New York } ss. CHAMBERS
COUNTY OF NEW YORK

I, Whittaker Chambers, a NATIVE AND LOYAL CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES, hereby apply to the Department of State, at Washington, for a passport.

I solemnly swear that I was born at Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, on or about the first day of April, 1901;* that my {father / husband} Jay Chambers, was born in Philadelphia and is now residing at 228 Eale Ave, Lynbrook N. Y.

~~*(that he emigrated to the United States from the port of ..... on or about ....., 1....; that he resided ..... years, uninterruptedly, in the United States, from 1..... to 1....., at .....; that he was naturalized as a citizen of the United States before the ..... Court of ....., at ....., on ....., 1....., as shown by the accompanying Certificate of Naturalization]~~; that I have resided outside of the United States at the following places for the following periods:

..... from ..... to .....
..... to .....

and that I am domiciled in the United States, my permanent residence being at 228 Eale Ave, Lynbrook, in the State of New York, where I follow the occupation of student.

My last passport was obtained from none, on —

and was ..... (Disposition of passport.) I am about to go abroad temporarily; and I intend to return to the United States within five {months / years} with the purpose of residing and performing the duties of citizenship therein; and I desire a passport for use in visiting the countries hereinafter named for the following purpose:

Germany (Name of country.)	Study and travel (Object of visit.)
France (Name of country.)	Study and travel (Object of visit.)
(Name of country.)	(Object of visit.)

I intend to leave the United States from the port of New York (Port of departure.) sailing on board the Seydlitz on June 20, 1923 (Date of departure.)

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.

Further, I do solemnly swear that I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; and that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion: So help me God.

Whittaker Chambers
(Signature of applicant.)

Sworn to before me this ..... day

7755

[SEAL OF COURT.] of JUN 11 1923, 192

[signature]
Clerk of the [illegible] Court at .....

* A person born in the United States should submit a birth or baptismal certificate with his application, or if the birth was not recorded, affidavits from the attending physician, parents, or other person having sufficient knowledge to be able to testify as to the place and date of the applicant's birth.

† If the applicant's father was born in this country, lines should be drawn through the blanks in brackets.

[OVER.]

DESCRIPTION OF APPLICANT.

Age: 22 years.

Stature: 5 feet, 6 inches, Eng.

Forehead: High

Eyes: Blue - gray

Nose: Regular

Mouth: ~~average~~ Medium

Chin: ~~normal~~ Round

Hair: light brown

Complexion: light

Face: ~~slightly~~ oval

Distinguishing marks: Mole on back of right hand

IDENTIFICATION.

June 11 1923

I, Samuel Theo Hecht, solemnly swear that I am a {native / ~~naturalized~~} citizen of the United States; that I reside at 310 W. 11 St NYC; that I have known the above-named Whittaker Chambers personally for 6 years and know {him / ~~her~~} to be a native citizen of the United States; and that the facts stated in {his / ~~her~~} affidavit are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

No lawyer or other person will be accepted as witness to a passport application if he has received or expects to receive a fee for his services in connection with the execution of the application or obtaining the passport.

Samuel Theo Hecht

Teacher
(Occupation.)

310 W 11 St NYC
(Address of witness.)

Sworn to before me this ..... day

of 11 1923, 19..

[SEAL.]

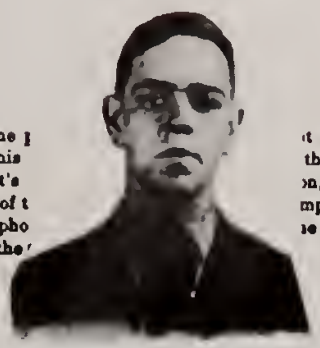
James T. Hughes

~~Clerk of the ... Department ...~~

Applicant desires passport to be sent to the following address:

Whittaker Chambers
228 Earle Ave,
Lynbrook, N.Y.
E.P.F.

A signed duplicate of the photograph to be attached hereto must be sent to the Department with the application, to be affixed to the passport with an impression of the Department's seal.



One ... t be pasted in this ... the Department's ... n, and the seal of t ... mpressed on the pho ... e side, but not the ...

1—84

[illegible]IT OF BIRTH TO BE SUBMITTED WITH APPLICATION FOR AMERICAN PASSPORT

NOTE.—A very severe penalty is provided in Sections 2 and 4 of Title 9 of the Espionage Act approved June 2, 1917, for the falsification of applications for passports, or of affidavits or other documents to be used in connection therewith.

I, the undersigned, do solemnly swear that to the best of my knowledge and belief the following statements are true and correct:

That I have known Wm Parker Chambers
(Name of person whose birth in the U. S. is to be proved.)

who ~~*whose wife*~~ *is an applicant for an American passport, for the past* 22 *years:*

That the person whose name appears above is now

~~*deceased.*~~ *residing at* 228 Eade Ave, Lynbrook, N. Y.
(Street address and city or town.) (State.)

and was born in Philadelphia, Pa.
(City or town.) (State.)

on or about April 1, 1901, *and is my* son
(Month and date.) (Year.) (Name relationship or write "Not related.")

My knowledge and belief of place and date of birth appearing above are based upon the following facts:

(If affiant is not related to person whose birth in the U. S. is to be proved state briefly how and through what source the knowledge was acquired.)

Jay Chambers
(Signature of affiant.)

Advertising Frank Seaman, Inc.
(Occupation and name of firm.)

470 Fourth Avenue
(Street address.)

New York, N. Y.
(City and State.)

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th *day of* June, 1923

Chas. M. Cooney
(Agent of the Department of State) or (Notary Public.)

NOTARY PUBLIC
New York County No. 151
New York Register No. 5114
Bronx County No. 11
Bronx County Register No. 10
~~Commission Expires March 30, [illegible]~~

[IMPORTANT—Use impression seal.]

1—1051

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 34

Letter dated May 25, 1937, Priscilla Hiss to W. M. Hillegeist, Director of Admissions, University of Maryland.

Reproduced on following page.

Govt

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
JUN 9 1949

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corres
affs

378 Central Park West
New York, New York
February 17, 1933

W. G. SCHELKER
ASSISTANT SECRETARY
FEB 21 1933
Referred to Mr Fitzgerald

Walter G. Schelker,
Assistant Secretary,
The Equitable Life Assurance Society,
393 Seventh Avenue,
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Schelker,

Re: Policy No. 604-460

This is in reply to your letter of February 11, 1933. The answers to the three questions contained in your letter are as follows:

1. I have always had two or three sieges of bronchial inflammation each winter. These would last for a week or two. At times I would have a slight fever and once in three or four years I would spend a day or so in bed as a result of the fever.

2. I wear glasses for reading only. My vision at twenty feet is materially improved for reading purposes by my glasses. For a more detailed statement as to the acuity of my vision and for information as to the type and degree of lenses I use I shall have to refer you to my oculist, Dr. Le Grand H. Hardy, 30 East 40th Street, New York City.

3. In 1922 I was circumcised.

Govts

Very truly yours,

Alger Hiss

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
NOV 30 1949

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16 ATTACH TO APPLICATION

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 35

Photograph of Priscilla Hiss referred to in Government's Exhibit 34.

Reproduced on following page.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 36

Letter dated February 17, 1933, Alger Hiss to Walter G. Schelker, Equitable Life Assurance Society.

Reproduced on following page.

6 XII 1931

Dear Miss Hellings:

Dr Peltz,my physician and Dr Wolfert U?of P.heart specialist have ordered me to 16 hrs a day in bed to try and build up my resistence which at present seems to be nil. The blood pressure is below 110 and the pulse 100 so to bed it is; I did not come in on Saturday and if I am very good I may be able to come on Friday,at least that is what I am hoping. Doesnt it sound silly,16hrs in bed and 5 meals,ye Gods,when eating is a bore anyway. Id go to Atlantic City if I had the money, that would I know put me on my fest. It has been a hard year physically for me,and that combined with the nerve strain since spring about the parents has just about reduced me very close to a nervous breakdown. I do not believe that there is anything pressing in the department.Miss Oberlander will return on Monday, and the additional desks have changed the morale of the staff,even in the short time, very much,which Allah be praised If there is a staff meeting either Miss Hagar or Miss Galbreth will be there ,to attend; and every one in the department has their"own job". With many thanks for your kindnesses,

Sincerely yours,

Dan Gansler

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
JUN 9 1949

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
NOV 30 1949

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBITS 37 AND 37-A

Exhibit 37, letter dated "6/XII/1931", Daisy Fansler to Miss Hellings, Free Library, Philadelphia.

Exhibit 37-A, envelope transmitting Government's Exhibit 37.

Reproduced on following pages.

President's Report for the year 1936--1937.

Your president's report for the year should be entirely devoted to acknowledgment of help, it seems to me. The blitheness with which I entered the office at last Spring's last meeting had entirely evaporated by early Fall when I realized that the Club had taken upon itself the role of sponsoring two benefits and in addition the role of playing hostess to thirty three alumnae for the three-day Alumnar Council meeting.

EXHIBIT
U.S. Dist. Court
S.D. of N.Y.
JUN 9 1949

All thanks should go to Canon Stokes for his extremely generous donation of time and energy in the series of lectures he gave for our scholarship fund in November. The efforts of Olivia Stokes, Laurie Stein and Margery Swope went into the arrangements for the lectures and contributed a great deal to their success. The response was very good, it seems to me, and the needy scholarship fund was the richer by a welcome one hundred and fifty dollars.

Came the Council meeting at the end of February, as you all know, and a more valiant committee never functioned under a more devoted chairman, Dorothea Blaisdell. At times it seemed to the Committee as though every poseible fatality had been encountered only to have another crisis ariee as it planned away for the food, housing and clothing for thirty three people for three days (and the clothing problem, or rather the dressing problem, really wae acute when one remembers that Council members did have to have eomewhere to dress between some of the functions). The Chairman of the Committee, Mrs Blaisdell, very amusingly recounted some of the mishape in her March report to the Club. I think I should amplify her report with the remark that I really dont see how we could have provided a nicer background for the Council meetings, and that I do feel it was tremendously worth while for the Club

to make the effort. Some sixty two Washington Bryn Mawrters appeared ~~for~~ at the Council dinner and the entire session pulled the Club together in a way that should be helpful for next year.

The benefit choice of Jane Eyre, with Katherine Hepburn, even in Holy Week, proved an excellent one on the part of the play committee. Mrs Grant, Olivia Stokes, Mrs O'Hara, Mrs Moorehead, and Mrs Tate had a very short time indeed to work out the details of selling tickets and publicity and accomplished wonders. And then there was of course the perfect gift of Katherine Hepburn herself to the scholarship fund. Her gesture was part and parcel of a very charming performance. We did not entertain for her because we thought she would be too busy and because we thought she didnt like social affairs. We did telegraph her about the benefit and wrote her afterwards.

Our speakers for the year were three: Mr Roy Veatch, of the State Department, and two alumnae, Olivia Fountain and Dr. Ethel Dunham, who spoke on their interesting work with the Federal Government. The fact that too many of our ~~C~~lub meetings had to be business meetings prevented our having more speakers.

Our scholarship chairman, Mrs Tate, deserves especial thanks from the Club for stirring up so much interest in our District scholarship, particularly among the high schools, and for her faithful cooperation with College in all of the scholarship problems as they have arisen about our past and future candidates. She has been a most helpful and pleasant worker for the year as have our treasurer and secretary, Mrs Abbott and Mrs Kelton.

So you see I really feel that my report to you should be in the nature of a bread and butter letter for the pleasant year I have had working with you and the deep thanks I feel for the help the committees have been.

Throughout the year various problems of policy came up and had too little discussion because of the hecticness of this particular year of the Club's life. In closing I should like to recommend to the Club, however, that next year, perhaps during the first few meetings, mi ht be a good ti e to shape policy on various points which, once settled, would save time for the future. In particular there is the problem of our scholarships, to wit, whether we shall send one girl to Bryn Mawr for four years or each year launch a different freshman from the District at Bryn Mawr. Another problem which comes up every year is that of whether to "save for a rainy day" or whether to disburse all of our funds annually. A third problem is the relationship of the Washington Club to the Summer School, that is whether the Summer School which is now much more a part of the College than ever before, does not belong among our responsibilities.

So, having helped to settle none of these major problems of policy this year, I pass the burden along to the Club next year with a hearty God Speed.

EXHIBIT Govts
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
DEC 1 1949
46 b

Description of personal characteristics of

Timothy Hobson

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
JUN 9 1949
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I Schooling

Ten years old on September 19, 1936. Intellectually quick and intelligent. Lively interest in new information. Except for one year at the Sidwell Friends School has always attended progressive scholls and pre-schools of uneven merit but all with considerable individual supervision and little formal schooling. Reads well and enjoys it, spells and writes rather badly, fond of arithmetic but has not had a particularly satisfactory grounding in its fundamentals and will require special help. Enjoys music, has had two years of very simple piano training, naturally good ear and sense of rhythm, likes to sing. Natural mechanical interest and some ingenuity.

II Sports

Physically strong and active. Intense and apt to get over excited if not kept calm by occasional outside help. Has had little successful participation in organized athletics but at camp this summer has shown definite improvement in ability to participate in group games. Good at swimming and capable at riding -- enjoys both. Has rudimentary knowledge of baseball, football and basketball, in order named.

III General psychological traits not described above.

Only child. Has lived with mother and stepfather since the age of three. In past two years has occasionally visited father, resulting in some traces of strain -- mostly from absence of familiar routine and receipt of rather lavish presents. Imaginative, impulsive, sense of humor, frequently thoughtless of others but not mean or petty, tries to get own way but is definitely happiest when under consistent, friendly and rather firm discipline-- even though in moments of stress he pretends to misunderstand it. Apt to be acquisitive of material things and to get friends to give him their possessions in a thoughtless, impulsive kind of selfishness. Needs considerable help in social adjustment and self control, but has consciously improved in these respects in past eighteen months. Affectionate and intense in personal relations, tending to get over excited and fresh. Needs affection in return, but a consistent and calm relationship rather than stimulation. When lacking in security through fatigue, irregular discipline or too much stimulation is apt to try to dominate group activity to point of bossiness. He responds well to reeponsibility of which he is capable. This should come gradually as he is still too unstable to be able to handle much responsibility.

Sidwell Friends School considered him non-conforming, lazy, rude and lacking in cooperation but made no effort to study his individual problems. Withdrawn by parents from Friends School to give him fresh start and to avoid a fixed faculty antagonism there. Being naturally sunny and cheerful he held no grudgee against

Friends School and liked all his teachers. Had every expectation of returning, although he knew his status had been doubtful at end of last term. Got along well with most schoolmates, chummed with most individualistic and nonconforming types. Had some kind of scrape with Christopher Amussen in which Tim received a bruised eyeball which became slightly infected. Reason for fight never satisfactorily explained. Shock of unusually painful outcome left him afraid of Christopher for a while and still offish.

September 9. 1936.

Miss Emma L. Kellings

The Free Library

Logan Square

Philadelphia Pa.

RECD DEC 7 1937

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
NOV 30 1949
37a

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 38

Journalism Record Card of Priscilla Hobson.

Reproduced on following pages.

JOURNALISM RECORD CARD

Name Hobson, Priscilla (In full, last name first) Date of Birth Oct 13, 1903 Place Evanston, Ill

New York Address 222 E. 71 (Write in Pencil) Telephone Butt. 5487 (Write in Pencil)

Home Address 222 E. 71 (street) NY (town) NY (state)

Parent or Guardian ..... Parent's Occupation .....

Previous Training

	Name	Place	Dates
1. Elementary School	Phebe Anne Thorne	Bryn Mawr	from 1913 to 1920
2. High School	"	"	from ..... to .....
3. College	Bryn Mawr		from 1920 to 1924
	Yale University		1924 1925

Social and religious affiliations (church, club, fraternity, etc.) .....

Previous journalistic experience

(Dates)	(Place)	(Paper)	(Nature of Work)

Special interests or experience and scholastic honors .....

(OVER)

~~Passed Foreign Language~~ Test in English Typewriting on January 15, 1927.
(Date)

Admitted to S. of J. ..... as Candidate for .....
(Date)

COURSES			GRADE W. S.	GRADE S. S.	CREDIT	REMARKS
YEAR	COURSE No.	INSTRUCTOR				
	J 434	Hill				
	J 240	Bynum				
	J 140	Pillain				
	J 122	Rollins				
	Pub Lan 145	Moore				
	J 44					
	140					
	240					
	236					

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 39

Report of President of Bryn Mawr Alumnae Association of Washington, D. C., for year 1936-1937.

Reproduced on following pages.

TITLE NUMBER
245647

District of Columbia

DIRECTOR OF VEHICLES AND TRAFFIC

CERTIFICATE OF TITLE OF A MOTOR VEHICLE

The Director of Vehicles and Traffic of the District of Columbia does hereby certify that, pursuant to the District of Columbia Traffic Act, as amended, and regulations promulgated thereunder, an application has been made to the Department of Vehicles and Traffic for a certificate of title of a motor vehicle as follows:

TRADE NAME SERIAL NO.	KIND—MODEL ENGINE NO.	YEAR DATE ISSUED	BODY TITLE NO
FORD	USED A	1929	RDSTR
	A-2188811	9-19-33	245647

ALGER MISS
3411 O ST N W D C

And that the applicant has stated under oath that said motor vehicle is subject to the following liens, and none other:
THIS DEPARTMENT IS NOT A RECORD OFFICE FOR THE RECORDING OF LIENS AND THEREFORE DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE STATEMENTS AS TO LIENS ON THIS CERTIFICATE OF TITLE.

AMOUNT	KIND	DATE	FAVOR OF

JUL 24 1935 PM

He Does Further Certify that he has used reasonable diligence in ascertaining whether or not the facts in said application for a certificate of title are true, and that he is satisfied that the applicant is the lawful owner of the above-described motor vehicle or is otherwise entitled to have the same registered in his name.

Therefore, he does hereby certify that the above-named applicant has been duly registered in his office as the lawful owner of the above-described motor vehicle, or is otherwise entitled to have the same registered in his name, and that it appears upon the official records of his office that at the date of the issuance of this certificate, said motor vehicle is subject to the liens hereinbefore enumerated, if any, and none other.

In Witness his hand and the seal of his office the day and year set opposite the name of the applicant in the aforegoing certificate.

DIRECTOR OF VEHICLES AND TRAFFIC.

EXHIBIT [illegible]

DEC 1 1949 49

Assignment of Title

FOR VALUE RECEIVED THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY SELL(S), ASSIGN(S) OR TRANSFER(S)

UNTO (Name of Purchaser) Cherner Motor Co

ADDRESS 1781 Florida Avenue, N.W.
(Number) (Street) (Section) (Apt. No.)

THE MOTOR VEHICLE DESCRIBED ON THE REVERSE SIDE OF THIS CERTIFICATE; AND THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY WARRANT(S) THE TITLE TO SAID MOTOR VEHICLE, AND CERTIFIES THAT AT THE TIME OF DELIVERY THE SAME IS SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING LIENS OR ENCUMBRANCES AND NONE OTHER:

AMOUNT	KIND	DATE	FAVOR OF
None			

SIGNATURE OF ASSIGNOR Alger Hiss

On this 23 day of July, 1936, before me, the subscriber, a Notary Public of the District of Columbia personally appeared Alger Hiss who made oath in due form of law that the above statements are true.

SEAL WITNESS MY HAND AND NOTARIAL SEAL W. Marion Smith, Notary Public.

Reassignment to be Used by Registered District of Columbia Dealers Only

FOR VALUE RECEIVED THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY SELL(S), ASSIGN(S) AND TRANSFER(S)

UNTO (Name of Purchaser) William Rosen

ADDRESS 5405 13th St. N. W.
(Number) (Street) (Section) (Apt. No.)

THE MOTOR VEHICLE DESCRIBED ON THE REVERSE SIDE OF THIS CERTIFICATE; AND THE UNDERSIGNED HEREBY WARRANT(S) THE TITLE OF SAID MOTOR VEHICLE AND CERTIFIES THAT AT THE TIME OF DELIVERY THE SAME IS SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING LIENS OR ENCUMBRANCES AND NONE OTHER:

AMOUNT	KIND	DATE	FAVOR OF
$ 25.00	Chattel	7-23-36	Cherner Motor Company

SIGNATURE OF ASSIGNOR Cherner Motor Co. By S. A. Mensh

On this 23rd day of July, 1936, before me, the subscriber, a Notary Public of the District of Columbia personally appeared S. A. Mensh who made oath in due form of law that the above statements are true.

SEAL WITNESS MY HAND AND NOTARIAL SEAL Henry J. Smith, Notary Public.

Purchaser's Application for New Certificate of Title

I (WE) William Rosen, THE PURCHASER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE DESCRIBED ON THE FACE OF THIS CERTIFICATE, HEREBY MAKE APPLICATION FOR A NEW CERTIFICATE OF TITLE, AND FOR THAT PURPOSE STATE UNDER OATH THAT I HAVE COMPARED THE SERIAL AND ENGINE NUMBERS ON THE FACE OF THIS CERTIFICATE WITH THE SERIAL AND ENGINE NUMBERS OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE PURCHASED AND FOUND THAT THEY AGREED IN EVERY PARTICULAR.

I FURTHER STATE UNDER OATH THAT THIS MOTOR VEHICLE IS SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING LIENS AND NONE OTHER:

AMOUNT	KIND	DATE	FAVOR OF
$25.00	Chattel	7-23-36	Cherner Motor Company

SIGNATURE OF ASSIGNEE (PURCHASER) William Rosen

RESIDENCE ADDRESS 5405 13th St N.W.
(Number) (Street) (Section)

BUSINESS ADDRESS
(Number) (Street) (Section)

On this 23rd day of July, 1936, before me, the subscriber, a Notary Public of the District of Columbia personally appeared William Rosen who made oath in due form of law that the above statements are true.

SEAL WITNESS MY HAND AND NOTARIAL SEAL Henry J. Smith, Notary Public.

THIS CERTIFICATE IS TRANSFERABLE ONLY WHEN RECORDED AND FILED IN THE DEPARTMENT OF VEHICLES AND TRAFFIC AND IS VALID ONLY WHILE THE MOTOR VEHICLE DESCRIBED ABOVE IS OWNED BY THE PERSON NAMED ON FACE HEREOF.

THIS ASSIGNMENT PURCHASERS APPLICATION FOR NEW TITLE AND A FEE OF ONE DOLLAR MUST BE FILED WITH THE DIRECTOR OF VEHICLES AND TRAFFIC BY THE PURCHASER OF THE MOTOR VEHICLE BEFORE REGISTRATION AND IDENTIFICATION TAGS CAN BE ISSUED.

D. V. T. 4

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

Title No. 453602 This title shall be delivered to (name) CHERNER MOTOR COMPANY Address

DELIVER TITLE TO

TITLE DELIVERED TO

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

DEPARTMENT OF VEHICLES AND TRAFFIC

CERTIFICATE OF EXAMINATION AND INSPECTION

MUST ACCOMPANY ALL APPLICATIONS FOR, AND TRANSFERS OF, IDENTIFICATION TAGS

(Be sure and read Instructions and Notice on Reverse Side)

To the Director of Vehicles and Traffic,
Washington, D. C.

This certifies that this day the physical examination of used motor vehicle:

Trade Name Ford, 1929, Body Roadster (Coupe, sedan, truck, etc.) discloses the following: Serial No. ....., Engine No. 2188811, and these have been checked against the information appearing on certificate of title issued by Dist. of Col. (District or State) under 245647 (Number) which is attached hereto.

It is further certified that the items of this motor vehicle as shown below have been mechanically inspected and tested and the "O. K." inserted opposite each item denotes they comply with the District of Columbia traffic regulations appearing on reverse side, and that the mechanical condition of this motor vehicle is such as to permit its operation in accordance with general safety.

The above engine and serial numbers were obtained by physical examination CHERNER MOTOR CO.

By Edward L. Baxter (Signature)

The above engine and serial numbers were checked against title

CHERNER MOTOR CO.

By Harley C. Colvin (Signature)

Items and motor vehicle mechanically inspected and tested

CHERNER MOTOR CO.

By Edward L. Baxter (Signature)

ITEMS	
Brakes	OK
Headlights	OK
Horn	OK
Rear-view Mirror	OK
Windshield Wiper	OK
Windshield Glass	OK
Test Station No.	24
Date	July 23, 1936

10—1936

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 40

Page from record book of Schmidt Motor Car Company, Randallstown, Md.

Reproduced on following page.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 41

Sales slip of Massachusetts Importing Company.

Front reproduced on following page; back omitted by stipulation.

227-39

Order No.

MASSACHUSETTS IMPORTING COMPANY

78-80 NORTH STREET
Boston, Mass.

276 FIFTH AVENUE
New York, N. Y.

Date 12-23-1936

Ship to E. Shaen Credit

P. O. 15 E 53 St Approved by

How Ship

When Ship Terms 2% Cash

Shipping Slip No. Salesman Buyer

	#216-12.2x7.9-94.3-6		
	#206-11.9x7.8-90.1.0		
	#232-11.6x7.3-83.4.6		
	#8-11.6x7.10-90.1.0		
	357.10.0		
	[illegible]	87460	
	Less 2%	1789	
		87671	
	Check for $600.00		
	Cash 76.71		
	Check drawn by Dr. Meyer Shapiro		
	Cash given by him also		

Paid

7675—MFD. BY THE BALTIMORE SALESBOOK CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 42

Carbon copy of Government's Exhibit 42-A.

Omitted by stipulation.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 42-A

Delivery slip of Massachusetts Importing Company.

Reproduced on following page.

227-41

Order No.

MASSACHUSETTS IMPORTING COMPANY

78-80 NORTH STREET
Boston, Mass.

276 FIFTH AVENUE
New York, N. Y.

Date Dec 29 1936

Ship to Dr. Meyer Schapiro Credit

P. O. 279 W 4 St - Approved by

How Ship Massis Express -

When Ship Terms

Shipping Slip No. Salesman Buyer

1	Bokara #216 - 12.2 x 7.9	
1	" #206 - 11.9 x 7.8	
1	" #232 - 11.6 x 7.3	
1	" # 8 - 11.6 x 7.10	
4	pcs	

The above is delivered to you Schapiro as per letter of Eugene Schapiro

Mrs Meyer Schapiro

7675—MFD. BY THE BALTIMORE SALESBOOK CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 43

"Peterborough Transcript", issues of August 5, 1937, and August 12, 1937.

Portion of page 1, August 5, 1937, printed below; balance of exhibit omitted by stipulation.

(Advertisement)

PETERBOROUGH PLAYERS
Professional Summer Company
Stearns Farm - - - - Middle Hancock Road

"She Stoops to Conquer" or "Mistakes of a Night"
Hilarious Comedy by Oliver Goldsmith

Beginning next Tuesday and running thru Sunday
Curtain at 8:30 P. M., D. S. T.
Admission at Box Office $1.10 inc. tax
Phone Reservations - Peterborough 343

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 44

Check of Meyer Schapiro dated December 23, 1936, to Massachusetts Importing Company.

Front reproduced on following page; back omitted by stipulation.

BROADWAY & 113TH STREET

789

NEW YORK Dec. 23 1936 No. 662

1-45

CORN EXCHANGE BANK TRUST COMPANY

K-8

UNIVERSITY BRANCH

PAY TO THE ORDER OF Presenting Co. $600.00/100

Six Dollars

Meyer Schapiro

CORN EXCHANGE BANK TRUST CO. UNIVERSITY BRANCH CERTIFIED AND PAYABLE THROUGH CLEARING DEC 24 1936 NEW YORK

DO NOT DESTROY THIS

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 45

Statement to Federal Bureau of Investigation signed by Alger Hiss December 4, 1948.

Baltimore, Maryland
December 4, 1948

I, Mr. ALGER HISS, residence, 22 East 8th Street, New York City, in the presence of my attorney, Mr. WILLIAM L. MARBURY, give the following voluntary signed statement to DANIEL F. X. CALLAHAN and FRANK G. JOHNSTONE, who have identified themselves to me as Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. I have been advised that I need make no statement and that anything I say may be used against me.

At the request of my attorneys, Mr. WHITTAKER CHAMBERS, defendant in a libel suit filed by me in the United States District Court for Maryland at Baltimore, was called for an examination before trial. This examination took place in Mr. MARBURY'S office, 1000 Maryland Trust Building, Baltimore, Maryland, on November 4, 5, 16 and 17, 1948, but a portion of the time stated was consumed in taking depositions from Mrs. WHITTAKER CHAMBERS.

On the afternoon of November 17, 1948, in the course of the pre-trial examination, Mr. CHAMBERS introduced 65 letter-sized pages of typewritten material and four small sheets of paper bearing handwritten material. For simplification, hereafter in this statement the 65 pages will be referred to as the large documents and the four smaller pages, as the small documents.

In introducing these documents, Mr. CHAMBERS stated that they had been received by him from me for transmittal to a Russian named Colonel BYKOV. Photostatic copies of the documents introduced by Mr. CHAMBERS at the pre-trial examination were first exhibited to

me by Mr. MARBURY in New York City on November 18, 1948. The agents have exhibited to me similar photostatic copies of these documents, which I am satisfied are photostatic copies of the same documents introduced by Mr. CHAMBERS under the above circumstances. I have read portions of the court reporter's transcription of the deposition of Mr. CHAMBERS and I know from the portion of that transcription which I have read that on November 5, 1948, Mr. CHAMBERS was asked whether he had ever obtained any documents from me for transmittal to the Communist Party and he replied that he had not.

With reference to the large documents, I would say from a cursory examination of them that they appear to be authentic copies of United States State Department documents or summaries of such documents. From the date standpoint, these documents appear to be restricted to a period extending from about January to March, 1938. At that time I was Assistant to the Assistant Secretary of State, the Honorable FRANCIS B. SAYRE. Documents similar to these normally passed over my desk for perusal prior to being referred to Mr. SAYRE. I do not have any independent recollection of having seen any of these documents or the documents summarized while I was in the employ of the State Department. By and large, these do not appear to be documents of a very highly confidential nature and would not have been treated in the State Department with any special precautions at that time, according to security regulations in effect then.

With reference to the smaller documents, three of the four pages appear to be in my handwriting. The fourth page, consisting of five handwritten lines, may or may not be in my handwriting, but it does not look to me as if it were.

I have learned from talking with Mr. MARBURY and from reading the above-mentioned deposition that Mr. CHAMBERS claimed these documents and others like them were obtained by me from the State Department, and that

I took them to my home, where typewritten copies of the larger documents were made on a typewriter in my home by either my wife or me. CHAMBERS claimed that I then returned the documents to the State Department files. The agents have told me that Mr. CHAMBERS claims that on some occasions I turned over the actual State Department documents to him, upon which he would have photographic copies made in a manner unknown to me, and then would return the original documents to me for replacement in the files of the State Department.

I deny that any of the above claims of Mr. CHAMBERS is true. I also deny that I ever gave the originals of the small documents to Mr. CHAMBERS at any time for any purpose whatsoever.

From Mr. MARBURY and the deposition, I have also learned that CHAMBERS claims he introduced me to a Russian named PETER, whom he claims later to have discovered was Colonel BYKOV. CHAMBERS claims that this meeting took place on the mezzanine floor of a movie theater in Brooklyn, New York. CHAMBERS claims that after the meeting, the three of us took a long walk and that during the conversation while walking, Colonel BYKOV asked me if I could obtain documents for him from the files of the State Department. CHAMBERS claims that I agreed to cooperate in this regard with this Colonel BYKOV and that as a result of this oral agreement, I later produced the

documents mentioned above. I deny that any of these claims of CHAMBERS is true. I have never met and had never heard of any Russian named PETER or Colonel BYKOV until I was told of the testimony given by Mr. CHAMBERS.

During the period from about June 1, 1936, to about January, 1938, I resided with my family at 1245-30th Street, N. W., and subsequent thereto, until sometime in 1943, at 3415 Volta Place, N.W., both Washington, D.C. During the period from 1936 to sometime after 1938, we had a typewriter in our home in Washington. This was an

old-fashioned machine, possibly an Underwood, but I am not at all certain regarding the make. Mrs. HISS, who is not a typist, used this machine somewhat as an amateur typist, but I never recall having used it. Possibly samples of Mrs. HISS' typing on this machine are in existence, but I have not located any to date, but will endeavor to do so. Mrs. HISS disposed of this typewriter to either a second-hand typewriter concern or a second-hand dealer in Washington, D.C., sometime subsequent to 1938, exact date or place unknown. The whereabouts of this typewriter is presently unknown to me. Prior to this typewriter coming into the possession of my immediate family, it was the property of Mr. THOMAS FANSLER, Mrs. HISS' father, who was in the insurance business in Philadelphia. Mr. FANSLER lived the later years of his life on Walnut Street in Philadelphia, but is now deceased, having died in the early 1940's.

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Until I met Mr. CHAMBERS face to face at a hearing of a sub-committee of the House Committee on Un-American Activities on August 17, 1948, in the Hotel Commodore, New York City, I did not know whether I had ever previously met CHAMBERS although I thought that newspaper pictures of him looked somewhat familiar. When I first appeared before the House Committee on Un-American activities on August 5, 1948, I stated that to the best of my knowledge I had never met CHAMBERS. At that time it had not occurred to me that he might be GEORGE CROSLEY. On August 16, 1948, before a sub-committee of the House Committee on Un-American activities in Washington, D. C., I stated that CHAMBERS might be a person previously known to me as GEORGE CROSLEY. Upon confrontation on August 17, I realized that CHAMBERS is identical with a man I had previously known as GEORGE CROSLEY. I first met CHAMBERS as GEORGE CROSLEY when I was employed as Legal Assistant to the United States Senate Munitions Committee, commonly known as the Nye Committee, about December, 1934, or January, 1935. CHAMBERS came to me in my office in the Senate Office Building in Washington, D. C

and stated that he was a free-lance magazine writer and desired information for a series of articles on the munitions investigation. At that time I was on loan to the United States Senate Munitions Committee by the Agricultural Adjustment Administration of the United States Department of Agriculture, where I was regularly employed as Assistant General Counsel. At that time CHAMBERS gave me the impression that he was making periodic trips to Washington from New York City, where, I assumed, he lived.

- 5 -

Between the turn of the year 1934-35 and the Spring or Summer, 1936, CHAMBERS contacted me perhaps six or eight times, always for the purpose of obtaining information for his magazine articles or discussing the problems of the munitions investigation. CHAMBERS was merely one of the number of newspaper men, writers and students who came to see the employees of the Munitions Committee about the Committee's activities. I deny that I ever saw or heard from CHAMBERS from the Spring or Summer of 1936 until we confronted one another at the abovementioned hearing in the Commodore Hotel in New York City.

During the period when CHAMBERS periodically contacted me in Washington, he occasionally borrowed small sums of money from me, totalling twenty to thirty dollars, four or five dollars at a time. He appeared to be hard-pressed financially. Also during this period, under an oral agreement, I sub-let my apartment at 2831 28th Street, NW, Washington, D .C., to MR. and MRS. CHAMBERS and child. Prior to subletting this apartment to CHAMBERS, at sixty dollars a month, I and my family moved into a three-story house at 2905 P Street, NW, Washington, D. C. Before taking occupancy of the abovementioned apartment, CHAMBERS and his family spent two or three days on the third floor of my home on P Street. My recollection is that Mr. CHAMBERS informed me that some of his furniture or other possessions had not arrived on time; that his family and he could not, therefore, move into the 28th Street apartment immediately.

- 6 -

We put them up as a favor to sub-tenants. As far as I know, CHAMBERS and his family lived in the apartment on 28th Street until the expiration of my lease on July 1, 1935. During sub-tenancy of my apartment on 28th Street by CHAMBERS, I continued to pay the rent and CHAMBERS has never reimbursed me nor has he repaid the small loans. He did on one occasion give me a rug which he said he had received from some patron of his and while they were staying at my house on P Street, his wife painted a portrait of my young stepson, TIMOTHY HOBSON, who was then eight years old. I have no clear recollection of the date of my last contact with CHAMBERS, which probably occurred in the Spring or Summer of 1936, while I was employed as an attorney by the Department of Justice in Washington, D. C. However, I do recall the contact quite well and on this occasion I told Mr. CHAMBERS that I did not think he would ever repay the loans he had made and that I thought we should discontinue any further contacts. I also want to state that CHAMBERS never paid me any funds for any purpose. During the period mentioned above when CHAMBERS was contacting me, most of the contacts were made by him at my office or for lunch, with the possible exceptions that he may have contacted me on several occasions at my residences.

In connection with the sublease of the apartment, I occasionally lent Mr. CHAMBERS the use of my 1929 model Ford roadster. This Ford was dark blue in color, had a rumble seat and a small trunk in the rear, and bore District of Columbia plates. Sometime in the Summer of 1935,

I acquired a 1935 Plymouth, two-door sedan, a demonstrator model. Sometime after acquiring the Plymouth, I told Mr. CHAMBERS he could have the Ford roadster, which I had been told had a trade-in value of twenty-five dollars when I bought the Plymouth. If Mr. CHAMBERS used the Ford in the Fall of 1935 or the Winter of 1935-36, it must have been only occasionally because I recall it sitting on the streets of Georgetown during a number of months of that Winter. Sometime before I left P Street,

about May or June, 1936, CHAMBERS took permanent possession of the car under circumstances I do not now exactly recall. At that time or earlier I had turned over to him the certificate of title. I did not have the Ford after that date and have never seen it since. I have no recollection of the occasion on which I signed the certificate of title. The certificate of title for the Ford bears what appeared to be my signature witnessed under date of July 23, 1936, by MARVIN SMITH, a notary public, who was also employed in the same office where I was in the Department of Justice. I can only assume that the certificate was brought to me in my office in the Department of Justice by someone who said that I had disposed of the car without completing the legal technicalities and that I signed under those circumstances and asked MARVIN SMITH to witness my signature.

As far as I can remember, the above represents a history of all my contacts and dealings with Mr. CHAMBERS to date which appear to me to be pertinent.

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I have made an effort personally, through counsel and private investigators, to locate other persons who knew CHAMBERS as GEORGE CROSLEY during the period from the turn of the year 1934-1935 to the spring or summer of 1936, but without success. I have discovered one person who claims that CHAMBERS at one time submitted a manuscript to him for publication under the name GEORGE CROSLEY, but that was during a much earlier period, approximately in 1926. Both Mr. and Mrs. CHAMBERS state that during this time, they were living in Baltimore under the name of LLOYD CANTWELL, as I have learned from the deposition. This search, of course, excepts Mrs. HISS and TIMOTHY HOBSON, my stepson, who was only eight years old during the above mentioned period. This search included inquiry among known fellow employees of the United States Senate Munitions Committee, and persons that either my wife or I introduced CHAMBERS or his wife to under the name of CROSLEY. This search to confirm my statement that CHAMBERS was going under the name of GEORGE CROSLEY during

the above mentioned period will continue and if successful, the Government will be advised.

I deny that I am now or ever have been a member of the Communist Party or that I have ever attended any Communist Party meetings. Likewise, I deny that I have ever been a member of a Communist Party espionage apparatus or underground group in Washington, D. C. or anywhere else, at any time.

I never saw Mr. CHAMBERS at any time in the State Department. I know of no opportunity had by Mr. CHAMBERS, either in my office in the State Department or in my residence or any other place, to

obtain any documents pertaining to State Department business, during the period 1937-1938 or any other time. I do not know whether CHAMBERS personally obtained these documents from the State Department or whether he had some confederate who cooperated with him in obtaining these documents.

I assert that Mr. CHAMBERS' entire story, with respect to the matters covered above that relate to me, is a complete fabrication except as otherwise indicated in this statement by me.

I do not know what motive Mr. CHAMBERS could have for making these accusations against me, but I think that a thorough examination of Mr. CHAMBERS' life and personal background might throw some light on this problem.

The foregoing represents an accurate account of statements I have made today to Mr. JOHNSTONE and Mr. CALLAHAN. It was dictated in my presence and that of my counsel, Mr. MARBURY, and I assisted at various places in the phrasing of that dictation. I have read the entire statement and have signed it below this paragraph and have initialled each page at the bottom thereof.

(s) Alger Hiss

Witnessed:
Daniel F. X. Callahan, Special Agent F. B. I. Baltimore, Md. 12/4/48
Frank G. Johnstone, Special Agent, F. B. I., Baltimore, Md. 12/4/48

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBITS 46-A AND 46-B

Exhibit 46-A, letter dated September 9, 1936, Alger Hiss to Paul Banfield, Landon School.

Exhibit 46-B, memorandum dated September 9, 1936, entitled "Description of Personal Characteristics of Timothy Hobson", enclosed with Exhibit 46-A.

Reproduced on following pages.

1245 - 30th Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C.
September 9, 1936

My dear Mr. Banfield,

Enclosed is the description of Jim's personality. I should like to bring him out during the afternoon of September 19 & have a look at the school and to meet you — if you will be available then. Unless I hear from you to the contrary I shall assume this will be all right.

Sincerely yours,

Alger Hiss

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
JUN 9 1949

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
DEC 1 1949

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 47

Department of State leave records, Alger Hiss.

Reproduced on following pages.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Hiss, Alger

1937	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
JAN.																															
FEB.																															
MAR.																															
APR.																															
1-15 MAY																															
16-31 MAY																															
JUNE																															
JULY										4 hr							4 hr		A					4 hr		A				4 hr
AUG.		A					4 hr		A					4 hr																	
SEPT.																															
OCT.																															
NOV.																															
DEC.																															
19	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31

S—SUNDAY H—HOLIDAY A—ANNUAL F—FURLOUGH S—SICK W—WITHOUT PAY M—MILITARY

NEW [illegible] LEAVE CARD

Accumulated from 1937

A - 10:4:00

S - 30:0.00

	Da	Hr	M	D	H	M	T
				3			1
NOV.							
DEC.							
TOTAL YEAR'S LEAVE / MAY 16th TO DEC. 31st, 193[illegible]	25	2	00	3			1

September 1, 1936

Perm.

P&S 6

[illegible]SS, Alger

A-8

A-8

ITEMIZED LEAVE CARD

OFFICE OF CHIEF CLERK AND ADM. ASS'T

A = 8
S = 15

193 7 MONTHS	ANNUAL FURLOUGH D.	ANNUAL FURLOUGH Hrs.	ANNUAL FURLOUGH Min.	S. CK DAYS	S. CK HRS.	S. CK MIN.	TOTAL W. O. P. DAYS	TOTAL W. O. P. TIMES	TOTAL MILITARY DAYS
JAN.									
FEB.									
MAR.									
APR.									
MAY									
JUNE									
JULY	12	2							
AUG.	11	1							
SEPT.									
OCT.									
NOV.									
DEC.									
TOTAL YEAR'S LEAVE	23	3							

MAY BE TAKEN DEC. 31st, 193

Sept. 1, 1936

Perm.

P & S 6

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 48 FOR IDENTIFICATION

Statement to Federal Bureau of Investigation signed by Priscilla Hiss December 7, 1948.

Omitted here by stipulation; printed as Defendant's Exhibit 6 x B.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 49

Certificate of title to Model A Ford owned by Alger Hiss.

Portions reproduced on following pages; balance omitted by stipulation.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 50

List and explanation of symbols used on Government's State Exhibits.

Symbol	*Title of Division*	*Chief of Division in 1938*
S	Secretary of State	Cordell Hull
U	Under-Secretary	Sumner Welles
C	Counselor	R. Walton Moore
A-M	Assistant Secretary	George S. Messersmith
A-S	Assistant Secretary	Francis B. Sayre
A-W	Assistant Secretary	Hugh R. Wilson
SA	Special Assistant to the Secretary	Leo Pasvolsky
LE	Legal Adviser	Green Hackworth
PA/D	Adviser on Political Relations	James C. Dunn
PA/H	Adviser on Political Relations	Stanley K. Hornbeck
EA Feis	Adviser on International Economic Affairs	Herbert Feis
EU	Division of European Affairs	J. Pierrepont Moffat
CI	Division of Current Information	Michael J. McDermott
CC	Chief Clerk	Edward Yardley
FE	Division of Far Eastern Affairs	Maxwell M. Hamilton
RA	Division of American Republics	Laurence Duggan

Symbol	*Title of Division*	*Chief of Division in 1938*
NE	Division of Near Eastern Affairs	Wallace Murray
CA	Office of Arms and Munitions Control	Joseph C. Green
HA Savage	Office of Historical Adviser	Hunter Miller, Chief Carlton Savage, Asst. Historical Adviser
TA	Division of Trade Agreements	Harry C. Hawkins
PR	Division of Protocol	George T. Summerlin
TD	Treaty Division	Charles M. Barnes
FA	Division of Foreign Service Administration	Nathaniel P. Davis
BA	Bureau of Accounts	Laurence C. Frank
A-M/C	Consular Commercial Office	James J. Murphy, Jr.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 51

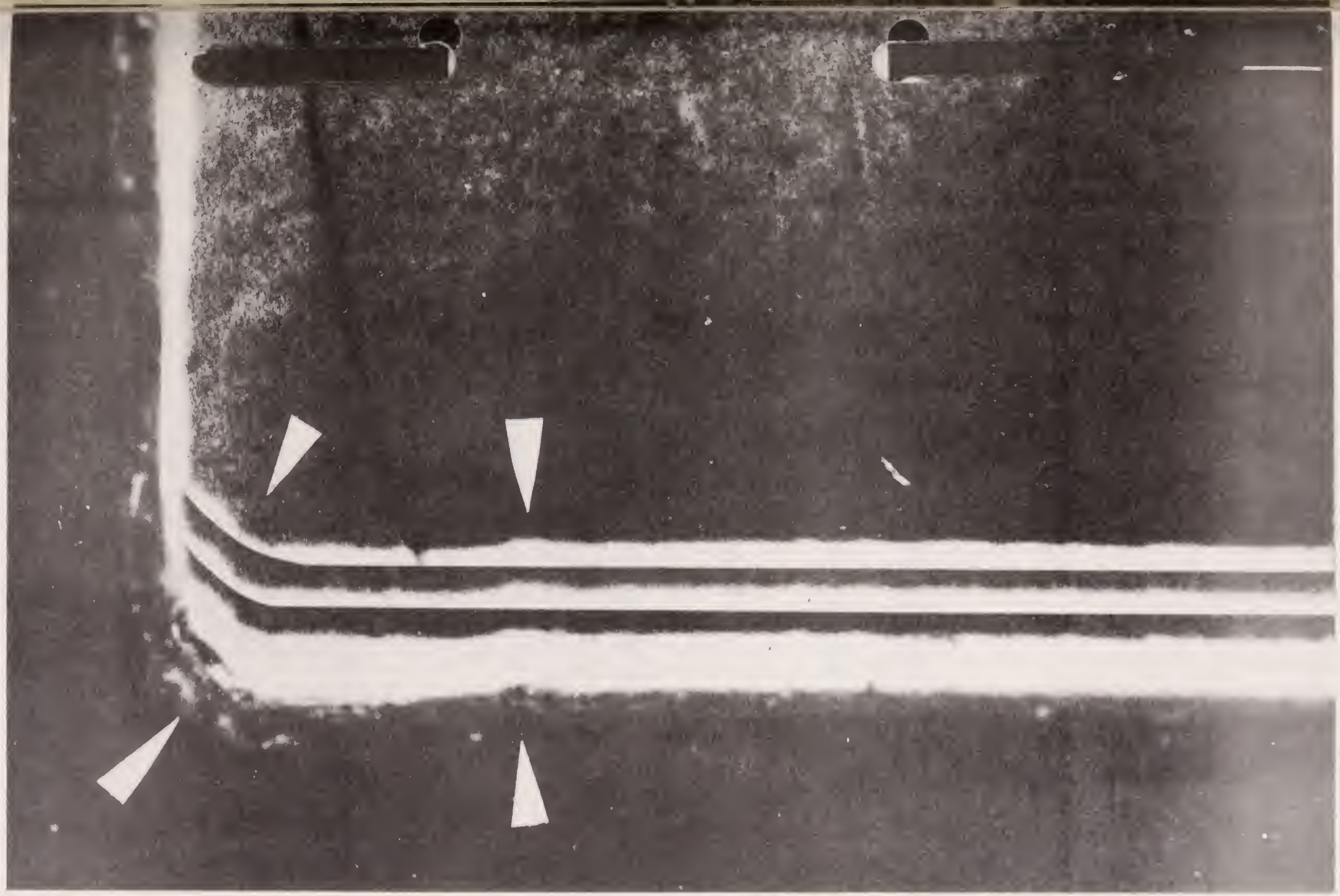
Leica Camera

Physical Exhibit.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 52

Microscopic photo-enlargement of frame of camera, and of three exposures.

Reproduced on following page.



GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 53

Enlarged print of one frame of Government's Exhibit 12.

Omitted by stipulation.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 54

Certified copy of certificate of absence of chattel mortgage on Ford automobile

Reproduced on following page.

OFFICE OF THE RECORDER OF DEEDS
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
DEC 12 1949
54

C E R T I F I C A T E

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE RECORDS OF THE RECORDER OF DEEDS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FAIL TO DISCLOSE THE RECORDATION OF AN AUTOMOBILE LIEN EXECUTED BY WILLIAM ROSEN OF 5405 15TH STREET NW - WASHINGTON, D. C., IN THE AMOUNT OF TWENTY-FIVE ($25.00) DOLLARS IN THE FAVOR OF CHERNER MOTOR COMPANY, AGAINST FORD, ENGINE No. A-2188811 WHICH WAS ASSIGNED TO CHERNER MOTOR COMPANY BY ALGER HISS AND SOLD TO SAID WILLIAM ROSEN BY CHERNER MOTOR COMPANY ON JULY 23RD, 1936.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF I HAVE CAUSED THE SEAL OF THE OFFICE OF THE RECORDER OF DEEDS, D.C. TO BE HEREUNTO AFFIXED, THIS 2ND DAY OF DECEMBER, 1949.

A. Oliver Thornton

A. OLIVER THORNTON
FIRST DEPUTY RECORDER OF DEEDS, D. C.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 55

Preliminary Motion Papers

Order to show cause dated November 3, 1949, why defendant should not be permitted to inspect and test certain documents, with supporting affidavit, affidavit in opposition dated November 7, 1949, and order dated November 10, 1949, printed below. Balance of exhibit omitted by stipulation; printed in part at R. 6-21, 79-80, 81-86.

United States District Court
Southern District of New York

C 128-402

United States of America
against
Alger Hiss,
Defendant

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE

On the annexed affidavit of EDWARD C. McLEAN, sworn to the 3rd day of November, 1949, the indictment herein and all proceedings heretofore had herein, let the United States Attorney show cause at Room 318 in the United States Court House, Foley Square, City of New York on the 7th day of November, 1949 at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, why an order should not be made herein, pursuant to Rule 16 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, permitting the defendant and his attorneys to inspect and to copy the following papers, documents and tangible objects:

a. All letters, memoranda and papers of any nature claimed to have been typewritten by the defendant or by any other person on any typewriter at any time owned by, or in the possession of, the defendant or the defendant's wife or any member of the defendant's family.

b. All letters, memoranda and other papers of any nature, whether typewritten or handwritten, purporting to have been written or that may have been written at any time in whole or in part by Whittaker Chambers or by his wife.

AND FURTHER let the United States Attorney show cause why an order should not be made herein, pursuant to Rule 16 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, permitting the defendant, his attorneys and his experts to inspect and to test for quality, age and characteristics the paper upon which Government Exhibits Baltimore 5-47, exclusive of Government Exhibit Baltimore 10, are typed.

ORDERED FURTHER that service of a copy of this order made on the United States Attorney on or before the 3rd day of November, 1949, shall be sufficient.

EDWARD A. CONGER,
U. S. D. J.

HAC.

Dated: November 3rd, 1949.

United States District Court
Southern District of New York

C 128-402

United States of America
against
Alger Hiss,
Defendant

AFFIDAVIT

State of New York
County of New York ss.:

EDWARD C. McLEAN being duly sworn, deposes and says:

1. I am an attorney-at-law and a member of the firm of Debevoise, Plimpton & McLean, attorneys of record for

the defendant in this action. I make this affidavit in support of:

(1) The defendant's motion for an order, pursuant to Rule 16 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, directing the United States to permit the defendant to inspect and to copy the following documents, papers and tangible objects:

a. All letters, memoranda and papers of any nature claimed by the United States to have been typewritten by the defendant or by any other person on any typewriter at any time owned by, or in the possession of, the defendant or the defendant's wife or any member of the defendant's family.

b. All letters, memoranda and other papers of any nature, whether typewritten or handwritten, purporting to have been written or that may have been written at any time in whole or in part by Whittaker Chambers or by his wife.

(2) The defendant's motion for an order, pursuant to Rule 16 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, directing the United States to permit the defendant to inspect and to test for quality, age and characteristics the paper upon which Government Exhibits Baltimore 5-47, exclusive of Government Exhibit Baltimore 10, are typed.

2. The indictment in this action contains two counts, each for the crime of perjury allegedly committed by the defendant on December 15, 1948. The first count alleges that on or about December 15, 1948, the Grand Jurors duly impanelled and sworn in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York were conducting an investigation pertaining to possible violations of espionage laws of the United States and other federal criminal statutes, and that it was material to that investigation to ascertain whether United States statutes had been violated by the unlawful abstraction or removal of secret, confidential or restricted documents, writings, sketches, notes or other papers by persons employed by the United States Government, or by the furnishing, delivery or transmittal of any such documents, writings, sketches, notes or other papers to any unauthorized persons. The indictment alleges that

the defendant, a witness before said Grand Jury, testified under oath that he had not turned over to one Whittaker Chambers any documents of the State Department or of any other government organization, or any copies of such documents. The indictment charges that the said testimony of defendant was false in that the defendant "being then and there employed in the Department of

State, in or about the months of February and March 1938, furnished, delivered and transmitted to one Jay David Whittaker Chambers, who was not then and there a person authorized to receive the same, copies of numerous secret, confidential and restricted documents, writings, notes and other papers, the originals of which had theretofore been removed and abstracted from the possession and custody of the Department of State."

The second count of the indictment, after realleging the allegations of the first count pertaining to the Grand Jury investigation, alleges that defendant further testified as a witness before the Grand Jury that he thought that he could say definitely that he had not seen said Whittaker Chambers after January 1, 1937. The indictment charges that that testimony was untrue in that "the defendant did in fact see and converse with the said Mr. Chambers in or about the months of February and March 1938."

3. The defendant pleaded not guilty to each count of the indictment on December 16, 1948. The first trial of this action began May 31, 1949 before the Honorable Samuel H. Kaufman, District Judge for the Southern District of New York. It was concluded on July 8, 1949 when the jury reported that it had been unable to reach a verdict. The second trial was set for October 10, 1949. On that date it was adjourned until November 1, 1949 by Judge Vincent L. Leibell. On October 31, 1949 it was adjourned until November 17, 1949 by Judge William Bondy.

4. Certain facts which occurred prior to the indictment in this action which have relevance to the issues raised by this motion may be briefly summarized as follows:

In August 1948, certain hearings were held in Wash-

ington, D. C. by the Committee on Un-American Activities of the House of Representatives which was then engaged in investigating the subject of Communism. On or about August 3, 1948, one Whittaker Chambers, also known as Jay David Whittaker Chambers, testified before that House Committee and in the course of that testimony stated in substance that Alger Hiss, the defendant in this action, in 1935 had been a member of a Communist "apparatus". Mr. Chambers testified on this subject before the House Committee on a number of occasions subsequent to August 3 but at no time in his testimony before the House Committee did he assert or claim in any way that Mr. Hiss had ever furnished to him any official documents or copies thereof. Mr. Hiss voluntarily appeared before the House Committee on August 5, 1948 and testified on that occasion and on subsequent occasions before the Committee that the charges made against him by said Whittaker Chambers were entirely untrue.

Thereafter, on or about August 27, 1948, said Whittaker Chambers in the course of a broadcast on a radio program known as "Meet the Press" over radio station WOL in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, repeated his charge that Alger Hiss had been a Communist. Thereafter, on or about September 27, 1948, Mr. Hiss began an action for libel against Mr. Chambers in the United States District Court for the District of Maryland based upon the defamatory statements made by Mr. Chambers in the course of that radio broadcast.

- 4 -

After issue had been joined in the libel action, the attorneys for Mr. Hiss, plaintiff in that action, who were William L. Marbury of the Baltimore firm of Marbury, Miller & Evans and your deponent, began an examination before trial of Whittaker Chambers on the issues raised in the libel action. On or about November 17, 1948, in the course of that examination before trial, Whittaker Chambers produced certain handwritten and typewritten papers purporting to be copies or summaries of documents in the files of the State Department. Chambers testified in substance that these documents were typed in Alger Hiss's home on a typewriter owned by Alger Hiss.

On November 18, 1948, Mr. Hiss, upon being advised of the testimony given by Chambers on the previous day, directed his attorneys to turn over the documents produced by Chambers to the United States Department of Justice. On November 19, 1948, representatives of the Department of Justice were informed by Mr. Marbury of the production of these documents by Chambers, and photostatic copies of the documents were delivered to the representatives of the Department of Justice by Mr. Marbury on that day. I am advised and do believe that the original documents so produced by Chambers were delivered to the Department of Justice within a day or two after November 19, 1948 and that they have ever since remained and still are in the possession of the Department of Justice.

5. On February 14, 1949 the defendant made a motion for an order, pursuant to Rule 16 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, directing the United States to permit

him to inspect and to copy certain papers, documents and tangible objects. Among the papers, documents and tangible objects specified in that motion were included the documents and papers requested by the defendant in the instant motion, i.e.:

a. All letters, memoranda and papers of any nature claimed to have been typewritten by the defendant or by any other person on any typewriter at any time owned by, or in the possession of, the defendant or the defendant's wife or any member of the defendant's family.

b. All letters, memoranda and other papers of any nature, whether typewritten or handwritten, purporting to have been written or that may have been written at any time in whole or in part by Whittaker Chambers or by his wife.

This motion was heard by Judge William Bondy in Room 318 of the United States Court House, Foley Square, New York, New York, on February 21, 1949. In a memorandum dated April 1, 1949 and filed April 4, 1949, Judge Bon-

dy granted the defendant's motion in respect to all letters, memoranda and papers of any nature claimed to have been typewritten by the defendant or by any other person on any typewriter at any time owned by, or in the possession of, the defendant or the defendant's wife or any member of the defendant's family, to the extent that the United States had consented to this request in its memorandum submitted to the Court at the argument of that motion. This consent was limited to "all letters, etc., which the Government will contend were typed on the Woodstock typewriter." (Gov. memo p. 7.)

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The defendant's request for all letters, memoranda and other papers of any nature, whether typewritten or handwritten, purporting to have been written or that may have been written at any time in whole or in part by Whittaker Chambers or his wife, was denied by Judge Bondy in his memorandum of April 1, 1949 without prejudice to a later renewal at the trial.

6. In view of the claim of the government, made in the first trial, that certain of the Baltimore papers were typed upon a Woodstock typewriter once owned by the defendant, it is obvious that expert testimony on matters of typewriting may be necessary at the second trial. I am informed and I do believe that an intensive search has been made by the Department of Justice throughout the country for samples of typewriting purporting to have been done upon the Woodstock typewriter. By order dated April 15, 1949, Judge Bondy required that the United States permit the defendant to inspect samples of such typewriting then in its custody or control together with any samples which came into its custody or control prior to the beginning of the trial of this action. This order may not have continued beyond the date of the commencement of the first trial. If the defendant is to have an opportunity fully to prepare for the second trial, it is essential that he be permitted to have an expert inspect any samples of typewriting purporting to have been done upon the Woodstock typewriter which were not made available to him under Judge Bondy's order of April 15, 1949.

- 7 -

I am informed and I do believe that in the fall of 1937 the defendant acquired a second-hand Corona portable typewriter and that shortly thereafter he gave his Woodstock typewriter to Perry M. Catlett and Raymond S. Catlett. Any letters, memoranda or papers typed upon the Corona portable will be helpful in establishing the date at which this typewriter was acquired by the defendant. That date will, in turn, be evidence bearing upon the date at which the Woodstock typewriter was given to the Catletts. It is for this reason that specimens of typewriting upon typewriters other than the Woodstock are essential to the preparation of the defense of this case.

One of the basic factual issues of this case is the question of the identity of the operator who typed certain copies of State Department documents upon a typewriter which the government claims is the Woodstock typewriter once owned by the defendant. In attempting to establish the identity of this operator it is necessary that the defendant have specimens of both the typewriting and the handwriting of Whittaker Chambers and his wife. Chambers testified in the Baltimore Deposition that he had turned over samples of his typewriting to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (Balt. Dep. p. 1292). It is necessary to the preparation of the defense that the defendant have access, prior to the start of the second trial, to all letters, memoranda and other papers of any nature, whether typewritten or handwritten, purporting to have been written or that may have been written at any time in whole or in part by Whittaker Chambers or by his wife, which are in the possession of the United States.

7. Another of the crucial issues in this case is the question of the time at which the documents produced by Whittaker Chambers during the Baltimore pre-trial hearing were actually typed. The United States Attorney has agreed with the attorneys for the defendant that the defense shall have the right to inspect, before the second trial of this action, Government Exhibits Baltimore 5-47. However, the United States has consistently refused to permit the defendant to subject the paper on which these exhibits are typed to chemical and other scientific tests

designed to ascertain the age, quality and characteristics of this paper. I am informed and I do believe that, as many of the exhibits in question have large blank areas, such tests can be conducted without injury to the typewritten portions thereof.

WHEREFORE deponent respectfully requests that defendant's motion for a discovery and inspection of documents, papers and tangible objects be granted.

EDWARD C. MCLEAN,

Sworn to before me this 3rd day of November, 1949.

Aurelia M. Addison,

Notary Public, in the State of New York, Residing in Kings County.

United States District Court
Southern District of New York

United States of America,

Plaintiff,

-v-

Alger Hiss,

Defendant.

AFFIDAVIT

State of New York

County of New York ss:

THOMAS F. MURPHY, being duly sworn, deposes and says:

I am the Assistant United States Attorney in charge of the above entitled matter and make this affidavit in opposition to the defendant's order to show cause why an order should not be made pursuant to Rule 16 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure permitting the defendant to inspect and copy certain documents and to submit others to experts for testing as to quality, age and characteristics.

The requested documents fall into two categories: (a) typewritten documents emanating from any typewriter

previously belonging to the defendant, and (b) typewritten or handwritten documents emanating from persons not parties to this proceeding, to wit, Whittaker Chambers and his wife Esther Chambers.

The last prayed for relief requests this Court to permit the defendant through alleged experts to partially destroy by chemicals or other agents a large number of necessary Government exhibits in order, as they say, to test the paper on which such documents are typed for quality, age and characteristics.

The Government opposes the granting of any of the relief sought and will address itself separately to each of the categories hereinbefore described. The relief sought purports to be based upon the power vested in the District Court by Rule 16 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, which authorizes the Court to permit inspection and discovery of certain documents in two limited classes: (1) if the documents belong to the defendant, or (2) if they were obtained from others by seizure or process.

As I read the defendant's moving papers, it seems to me that what he is requesting under the first category are any typewritten documents purporting to have come from the defendant's Woodstock typewriter, which were not made available to the defendant pursuant to the order of the Honorable William Bondy dated April 15, 1949. In other words, the defendant wants to know what typewritten documents the Government has discovered since its investigation began in this case and which were not used at the first trial, and which might not be used even at the second. In short, the defendant wants all of the results of the Government's investigative industry whether the Government intends to use the documents or not.

It is respectfully submitted that the law and justice requires a showing, under Rule 16, that the documents requested either belong to the defendant or that they were secured from others by seizure or process; and unless such a showing affirmatively appears, the Court lacks the necessary power. The defendant not satisfied merely with wanting to see the specimens from the Woodstock typewriter upon which the important evidence in the case was typed

wishes to see specimens from all other typewriters allegedly belonging to the defendant. His reasoning in support of this request is

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that it will help him fix the date when he says he gave the Woodstock typewriter to the Catletts. Oddly enough, the defendant doesn't state this, but his attorney makes the oath, thus avoiding possible cross-examination material. It is respectfully submitted that an inspection of such material is not for the spurious purpose alleged, but merely to learn in advance what material the Government has in its possession to confront and confuse the defendant when he takes the stand and offers the story of the gift of the typewriter to the Catletts. Obviously, the typewritten specimens from the Corona typewriter could not help fix the date of the alleged gift of the Woodstock typewriter. The defendant has already testified under oath that he gave it to the Catletts prior to January 1, 1938.

The second category of documents requested are those typewritten and handwritten documents of the witnesses, Whittaker Chambers and Esther Chambers. The defendant's attorney says that these are needed so as to help in the determination of who the operator of the Woodstock machine was at the time the "Baltimore papers were written". This category falls outside of the scope of Rule 16 since there is no affirmative showing that these documents belong to the defendant or were seized from others or obtained by process. Even if such a showing was made, it strains one's imagination to see how that would tend to prove who the operator of the Woodstock typewriter was. It can hardly be claimed that an expert could tell what individual typed a certain instrument by having a specimen of his typing since the impressions are made by a mechanical means, and how handwriting could help in determination of who was the operator who typed a certain instrument seems more incredulous.

- 3 -

The third item of relief presents a serious question of whether the Court can permit the physical destruction of evidence on an affidavit of an attorney that some expert can tell the quality, age and characteristics of paper.

It is respectfully submitted that the Court must satisfy itself beyond any shadow of doubt that there are such experts who can made such scientific determination; and then, in that event, I submit that the Court should limit such test to selected instruments of the great many included in Government's Exhibit Baltimore 5-47, and further limit the test so as to prevent the complete destruction of an important exhibit.

WHEREFORE, it is respectfully prayed that the instant motion be denied.

(s) THOMAS F. MURPHY.
Thomas F. Murphy.

Sworn to before me this 7th day of November, 1949.

Daniel Tanenbaum.
Notary Public,
State of New York.

[ORDER]

There has not been any showing that the documents referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) were obtained from, or belonged to, the defendant, or were taken from others by seizure or process. The requirements of Rule 16, F.R.Cr.P., accordingly have not been met. U.S. v. Chandler, 7 F.R.D. 365: See Shores v. U.S., 174 F. (2d) 838, 842-45. The motion to inspect those documents, made under that rule, is therefore denied.

The motion, likewise made under Rule 16, to permit an inspection and test of certain government exhibits for the purpose of ascertaining the "quality, age and characteristics" of the paper upon which they are typed is denied without prejudice to a renewal thereof at trial. It does not affirmatively appear that any such test can be made or, if made, conducted without mutilation of the exhibits. Moreover, Rule 16, while permitting inspection, copying and photographing of documents, makes no provision for subjecting them to tests.

November 10, 1949.

(WILLIAM BONDY)
U.S.D.J.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 56

Statement to Federal Bureau of Investigation signed by Claudie Catlett February 10, 1949.

Reproduced on following pages.

Winchester, Va
Feb. 10, 1949

I Claudia Catlett, give the following statement to Robert J. Chichester and John C. Howard, who I know to be Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. No threats or promises have been made to induce me to give this statement. I have been advised that I do not have to make any such statement and that I have the right to consult an attorney prior to giving a statement. I know that any statement I may make can be used as evidence in Federal Court.

My maiden name is Claudia Myers I was married about 27 years ago to Terry L. Catlett, I do not know whether or not my husband has procured a divorce. I am usually known as Claudia Catlett in Washington D.C. and Claudia Myers in Winchester, Va. I now live at 542 N. Kent St. Winchester, Va. I am 47 years of age and I have 5 living children. I first did laundry work for Mrs. Alger Hiss, as well as I can now recall this was about six months before the Hisses moved to the house on 30th St. I first started working for Mrs. Alger Hiss on the recommendation of Mrs. Donald Hiss. When I first started working for Mrs. Hiss she would bring her laundry to my house and call for it when it was done. I did laundry work for Mrs. Hiss for about [illegible] then went to work regular

for her. When the Hisses moved from P St. to 30th St. they took with them one bed, several small chairs, some of which were black with a gold ivy design on them, a secretary, a small table, their books, their typewriter, and their personal belongings. These household goods were moved by some moving company the name of which I no longer recall. During the time the Alger Hisses lived on 30th St. I worked for them every day, with a half day off on Thursdays and Sundays, I usually went to work at 8 am the time I would leave would vary, I sometimes worked to 9 or 10 pm and later. I went with the Alger Hisses when they moved to Volta Pl. and continued working for them as I had on 30th St.

As well as I can recall at present I stopped working for the Alger Hisses sometime in the summer of 1938. After I quit working for them Mrs Hiss would come to see me at my home at 2728 P St. N.W. She finally suggested that I go to the clinic at Georgetown Hospital, which I did. Prior to my illness in the summer of 1938 I had worked steadily for them since going to work for them on P St. with only an occassional day off due to illness. The only times I would not work for any period of time would be while the Hisses were out of town. While working for the Alger Hisses regularly I did general housework, laundry, cooking and sometimes babysitting.

On Feb. 1, 1949 I was introduced to Mr.

Whittaker Chambers, in the office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Washington, D.C. As soon as I saw Mr. Chambers — I recalled that I had known him before. I did not know Mr. Chambers name when I saw him before and do not now recall any name that he was known by or called by at that time. As well as I can presently recall I saw Mr. Chambers, prior to meeting him at the F.B.I. office, at 2905 P St. N.W. (CC) As well as I can recall Mr. Chambers came to the Alger Hiss house on P St. (CC) and I went to the door to let him in about the time I got the door open Mrs. ~~Chambers~~ Hiss (CC) came to the door from the living room and asked me to fix some tea for them. I then went to the kitchen in the basement to fix tea. I served this tea to Mrs. Hiss and Mr. Chambers in the parlor while was they in back on the floor above the basement. I merely took the tea thing in and placed them on the table, then in doing so I took a good look at the man who I now know was Chambers. I looked at this man closely at this time because I had never seen him before and also because he was poorly dressed and ~~looked~~ did not look like the people who usually called on the Alger Hisses. I do not now recall seeing the man I now know as Mr. Chambers again, I feel positive I never saw him after the Hisses moved from (CC) P St. ~~he~~ I (CC) may have seen him on another occasion on P St. but I do not remember it at

this time. I do not recall Mr. Chambers staying overnight or for any period of time at the home of the Alger Hisses while I worked for them.

After I quit working for the Hisses I did no work at all for some time as well as I can recall now I did no work from the summer of 1938 to about Christmas 1938. At Christmas 1938 I helped the Hisses regular maid serve dinner. After this I started doing days work for the Hisses and others. I never went back to working regular for the Alger Hisses.

I recall seeing a red rug with a fringe on it in the Hiss house on 30th. This rug was in a closet next to the kitchen in the front part of the basement. The rug was rolled up & tied it was a regular room size rug. The Hisses did not use this rug in the house on 30th St. and I don't know when or where they got it. They may have had the rug while living on P St as there was a room there in which things were stored. That room was locked and I never went in it.

I recall asking Mrs. Hiss why they did not use this rug and as well as I can recall at this time she told me it was because it did not belong to her. Later on when they moved to the Volta Pl. house this rug was put on the floor of Tony Hobson's room.

When I first went to work for the Alger

[illegible] they had a rusty looking old car with a top that let down. This car had a single seat in front & a rumble seat in back. While still living on O St. they bought a new gray automobile. For awhile both the new gray car and the old rusty one were parked out in front of the house on O St. Sometime about two weeks after the Hisses bought the gray car the old car was taken away and I never saw it after that. I dont know what happened to the old car, but I never saw it again. I am sure they got the new car on O St. because I remember seeing the two cars parked together and because they would take me home in the new car, they never took me home in the old car.

I recall the Alger Hisses had ~~an~~ a typewriter which I first saw on O St. I do not know the make of this typewriter, nor do I know whether or not it was a portable typewriter. If it was a portable I never saw it in any case. I remember they moved this typewriter from O St. to 30th St. and from 30th St. to Volta Pl. After the Hisses moved to 3210 O St. I went there to visit them I saw a typewriter in the house at this time. I do not know that it was the same typewriter that they had when I worked for them but it looked the same as far as I can recall.

I have seen a photograph of Mrs. Whittaker Chambers and the Chambers

child but I do not recall ever having seen the people at any time [illegible] ever visiting the Alger Hisses or any of the places that I worked for them or at any time while I was there.

When the Alger Hisses moved from 30th St. to Volta Pl. their furniture and household effects were moved for them by moving van. I do not know the name of the company to which this van belonged. So far as I know they moved every thing in the 30th St. house to Volta Pl. with the exception of the ~~kitchen~~ kitchen stove and other such fixtures.

When I helped serve at the Alger Hiss home at Christmas 1938 the maid who was at that time working for them was named Priscilla. She is the only maid who worked for the Hisses whose name is known to me.

Mr. Chichester has read the foregoing statement aloud in my presence and has gone over it with me. I understand its meaning and have initialed each page of it and the errors in it. This statement is written in longhand on this and 5 other pages. This statement is true and correct to the best of my present recollection and belief.

Signed Claudia Catlett

Witnessed at Winchester, Va. Feb. 10, 1949.

Robert O. Chichester - Special Agent FBI

John C. Howard - Special Agent F.B.I.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 57

Receipt for $8.50 paid to Raymond S. Catlett by Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Reproduced on following page.

Received of COURTLAND J. JONES, SPECIAL AGENT, FBI, ~~$6.80~~ $8.80 WHICH IS
DAYS WAGES FOR MAY 13, 1949.

Govt

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
DEC 16 1949
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Raymond Catlett

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 58

Statement to Federal Bureau of Investigation signed by Perry M. Catlett May 28, 1949.

Reproduced on following page

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
JUN 23 1949

Washington D.C.
May 28 1949

Witness:
Courtland J. Jones

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
DEC [illegible] 1949

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GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 59

Photograph of building at northwest corner of K Street and Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

Reproduced on following page.

1000
CONNECTICUT AVENUE
WWDC
DRUGS
DRUGS-LUNCH
DRINK
Coca-Cola
DRUGS

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 60

Carbon copy of letter dated May 7, 1948, Alger Hiss to Noel Field.

COPY

CARNEGIE ENDOWMENT FOR INTERNATIONAL PEACE

Alger Hiss
President
522 Fifth Avenue
New York 18, New York.

(Stamped)
The Institute of
International Education
Received
May 11, 1948

Cable Address: Interpax New York
Telephone: Vanderbilt 6-5825

May 7, 1948.

Dear Noel:

Larry has sent me a copy of your letter to him of April 19. I have read it with interest and was indeed glad to get first-hand news of you and Herta. I hope that your health is now fully regained.

The Endowment does not have occasion to use reporting officers, and our current program is concentrated on the United Nations, so that I do not see any way that we could work out any arrangement covering your interesting project. I think, on the other hand, that you would be well advised to establish regular writing connections with periodicals in this country. This would make you known as a reporter on eastern Europe and I feel sure that once a few contacts were established they would be kept going.

Last night I spoke to Miss Freda Kirchwey of the Nation about you, and she said that she would write directly to you. She indicated very real interest in having you do a series of articles for the Nation. I have sent her a copy of your memorandum and hope that you will be hearing from her.

Larry tells me that he will be speaking to the people in charge of publishing Harper's Magazine and will let you know the results of his inquiry. There would certainly be nothing inconsistent in writing regularly for the Nation with occasional longer articles for Harper's. I think, particularly after you have had several articles published, you would have every good chance of getting occasional articles into the United Nations World (385 Madison Avenue, New York 17), of which Louis Dolivet is the International Editor. I do not know the protocol about writing both for the Nation and the New Republic at the same time. I suppose this would depend upon the regularity of any arrangement you might make with Miss Kirchwey. Certainly I would see no impediment to occasional articles in both journals. You might, in any event, want to write to Michael Straight at the New Republic. Incidentally, as you probably know, he and Dolivet have some sort of family connection. Dolivet is either Michael's brother-in-law or is Michael's wife's brother-in-law.

I do hope that things work along these lines and shall be interested to hear of future developments.

With all best wishes to you and to Herta,

Ever sincerely yours,

Alger Hiss.

Mr. Noel Field
21, rue de Contamines
Geneva, Switzerland.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 61

Two blank sheets of paper—one small blue and one larger white.

Physical exhibit.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 62

Order of Judge Chesnut filed December 31, 1948, in Alger Hiss v. Whittaker Chambers, United States District Court for the District of Maryland.

In the United States District Court for the
District of Maryland

Civil Action No. 4176

Alger Hiss
v.
Whittaker Chambers

Filed December 31, 1948.

ORDER WITH RESPECT TO PRE-TRIAL DEPOSITION OF WHITTAKER CHAMBERS

This case is a private civil suit for damages for alleged slander and libel. The complaint was filed September 27, 1948, with a supplemental complaint filed on October 7, 1948. The alleged slander and libel shortly stated is that the defendant spoke and caused to be published of and concerning the plaintiff that the latter, while an employee of the State and other Departments of the United States,

was a Communist and as such disloyal to the United States. The defendant has appeared and filed answers making the defense of justification, that is, that his statements were true. That is the particular issue in the case.

During November 1948 the plaintiff exercised the right given by Rule 26 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, to take the deposition by oral examination, to be stenographically reported, of the defendant Chambers. In the course of the oral examination the witness Chambers produced certain documents purporting to be copies of originals taken from the confidential files of the Department of State of the United States, and which Chambers said had been given to him by the plaintiff Hiss. Upon examination of these documents by counsel for the respective parties to the case, it appeared to both of them that the papers were apparently such that in the public interest they should at once, with the approval of their clients, be brought to the attention of the Department of Justice. The further oral examination of the witness Chambers was then by agreement of counsel temporarily suspended.

Recently counsel for both parties have conferred with the court with regard to resuming the taking of the deposition of the witness. At this conference there were also present representatives of the Department of Justice. Counsel for the plaintiff announced that they proposed to continue the taking of the depositions but understood the Department of Justice wished to interpose an objection thereto and for that reason representatives of the Department had been invited to attend jointly with counsel for the parties. Counsel for the defendant Chambers, who was also the witness, stated their position to be that neither they nor the defendant as a witness made any objection to the continuance of the deposition and expressed willingness to answer any and all questions relevant to the issue in the case; but that as they understood the Department of Justice was making some objection thereto, the latter had been notified to attend the informal hearing, and state their views.

It was then brought to the attention of the court by those present that as a result of the examination of the

documents referred to by the Department of Justice and subsequent examination of the subject matter, further testimony had been taken by a Grand Jury in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York at which both Hiss and Chambers

had given evidence as witnesses and that thereafter that Grand Jury had filed an indictment against Hiss for alleged perjury in certain evidence given by him before the Grand Jury including particularly his statement that he had not given to Chambers the documents referred to; and that the trial of that indictment case has now been set for February 24, 1949. The representative of the Department of Justice, therefore, wished to interpose an objection to further examination of Chambers in the libel case pending in this court, until after the trial of the criminal case in New York. It was not suggested or contended by the Department of Justice that they had a right to intervene in the civil case or to insist upon the objection, but they wished to have their objection considered by the court on the grounds of possible public interest involved.

More specifically, the grounds for the objection were (a) that the federal rules of criminal procedure which would be applicable to the trial of the criminal case make no provision for pre-trial examination of a prospective witness in the case and (b) that the continuation of the pre-trial deposition of Chambers (who is expected to be an important witness for the United States in the criminal case) in this civil case would in effect afford the defendant in the criminal case a possible advantage otherwise unavailable except for the pendency of the civil case, and to be used as a possible basis for cross-examination of Chambers as a witness in the criminal case.

I have carefully considered these objections but do not find that they constitute, from the standpoint of public interest, a sufficient reason for denying to the plaintiff in the civil case, instituted long before the criminal case, exercise of the procedural right afforded by rule 26 of the

Federal Rules of Civil Procedure; nor does it appear that the exercise of this right by the plaintiff in the civil case

will be contrary to the proper public interests involved in the trial of the criminal case. The continued pre-trial examination of the witness Chambers in the civil case must, of course, be limited by the applicable federal civil rules which provide that the scope of the examination is limited to discovery of facts *relevant* to the issue in *that* case. The witness, who is also the defendant, will, of course, be represented by counsel at the time. If questions are asked not relevant to the particular issue, objection can be made and the matter submitted to the court which, under rules 30(b) and (d) and 37, for good cause shown, may limit the scope of examination. I also assume that there will be no objection on the part of the plaintiff made to the presence of a representative of the Department of Justice during the taking of the deposition, if desired. Nor does it appear that there should be any proper objection from the standpoint of public interest in the fullest ascertainment of the real and true facts of important matter involved. In this connection the representatives of the Department of Justice state that they know of no facts as a result of their own interviews with the witness Chambers, that would be to the prejudice of their case. And in any event it seems clear enough that both the civil and the criminal cases, if both are tried, should be prosecuted with the sole object of determining the real and true relevant facts. Whether the continuation of the deposition will develop any further facts is, of course, a matter that cannot be known to the court at this time.

For these reasons I conclude that the plaintiff in the civil case is entitled under the rules to proceed with his completion of the deposition of the witness Chambers which was only voluntarily and temporarily suspended as above stated.

(Sgd.) W. Calvin Chesnut,
U. S. District Judge.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 63

Card bearing name "Priscilla Hiss".

Reproduced on following pages.

NAME Priscilla Hiss BRANCH Morningside

ADDRESS ~~180 Claremont Ave. City~~ ADMITTED MAR 23 193

OCCUPATION Research AGE 28

UNION

	JAN.	FEB.	MAR.	APR.	MAY	JUNE	JULY	AUG.	SEPT.	OCT.	NOV.	DEC.
193												
193												
193												
ASSESSMENTS												
CONTRIBUTIONS												

CITIZEN | FIRST PAPERS | REGISTERED | ENROLLED

DROPPED | REINSTATED

TRANSFERRED FROM

TRANSFERRED TO

RESIGNED | SUSPENDED | EXPELLED

REMARKS:

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
JAN 3 1950

JAN 17 1950

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GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 64

Pages from Board of Elections Registration Book, New York City, 1932.

Relevant portions reproduced on following page; balance omitted by stipulation.

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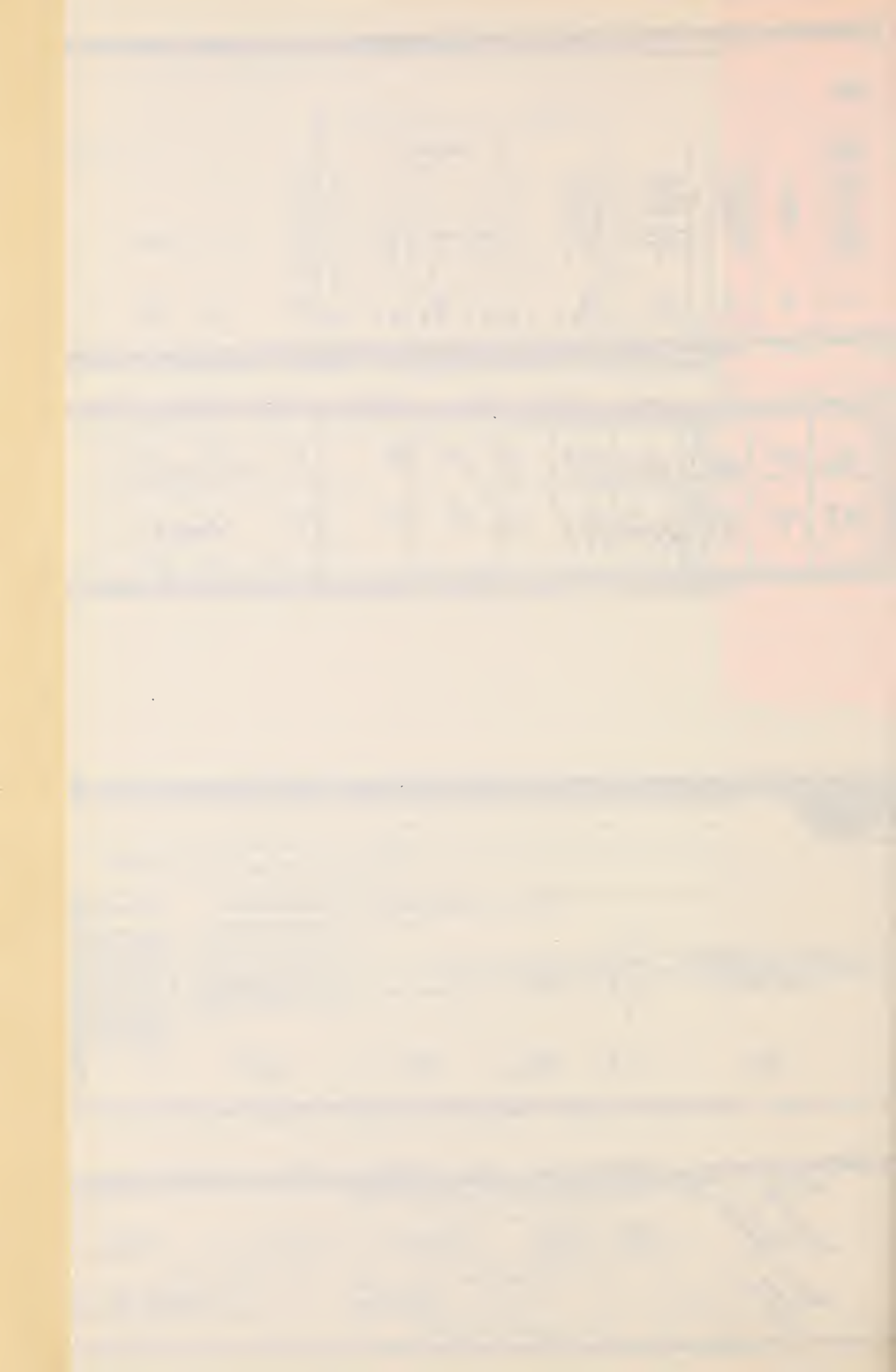
					RESIDENCE		NAME OF VOTER		GENERAL ELECTION		SPECIAL ELECTION		PRIMARY		INFORMATION AS TO VOTERS				
	Date of registration	NUMBER ON ENROLLMENT BLANK	PARTY OF ENROLLED VOTER (Not Used by Inspectors)	Residence address if other than registration	Name of street or avenue	Number of house in which voter lives	Surname	Christian name	Number on public record Marked No. 1	Number on public record Marked No. 2	Number on public record Marked No. 1	Number on public record Marked No. 2	Number on public record Marked No. 1	Number on public record Marked No. 2	Age at last birthday	Married Single	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE In this county	In this election district	In this town or city	Country of nativity	NATIVITY
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
182	4	97	Dem	378	E. P. W	7	Hiss	Priscilla	157						29	M	4yrs	4yrs	4yrs	U.S.	
183	4	97	Dem	378	E. P. W	7	Hiss	Alger	158						27	M	4yrs	4yrs	4yrs	U.S.	

							INFORMATION AS TO VOTERS			
FULL NAME OF HOUSEHOLDER, TENANT, SUBTENANT OR APARTMENT LESSEE WITH WHOM VOTER RESIDES	Date of last registration	WHEN LAST REGISTERING OR VOTING, LIVED AT State	City or Town	Number and name of street or avenue	BUSINESS CONNECTION OF VOTER If the voter or any one of the firm under which he or she is employed, if the voter is employed by such other person, the name of the governmental employer. If he or she is in business and has the employer's name, the word "same" shall be inserted, together with the name under which the firm is doing business, or the name of the last employer, if any	LOCATION OF BUSINESS The street and number or if it has no street number, a brief description of the location of the place, if any, where he or she is in business or employed, or, if unemployed, the place, if any, where he has been in business or employed	SIGNATURE OR NUMBER OF IDENTIFICATION STATEMENT OR REGISTRATION DAY	SIGNATURE OR NUMBER OF IDENTIFICATION STATEMENT OR ELECTION DAY	REGISTRATION FOR ELECTION Inquiry whether voter knows how and where to vote and is entitled to vote
23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	
Self					Housework		Mrs Lord Hamilton The foregoing statements are true.	Mrs Lord Hamilton The foregoing statements are true.	F.	
Self		NY	NY	NY No 3	Housewife	63 Wall St.	Priscilla Hiss The foregoing statements are true.	Priscilla Hiss The foregoing statements are true.	F.	
Self		1st	Yale		Ellen Franklin Hospital Boston		Alger Hiss The foregoing statements are true.	Alger Hiss The foregoing statements are true.	M. Dep Sheriff	



GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 65

Pages from Board of Elections Registration Book, New York City, 1932.

Relevant portions reproduced on following page; balance omitted by stipulation.

1	2	3	4	5	RESIDENCE 6	7	NAME OF VOTER 8	9	GENERAL ELECTION 10	11	SPECIAL ELECTION 12	13	FALL PRIMARY 14	15	INFORMATION AS TO VOTERS 16	17	LENGTH OF RESIDENCE 18	19	20	21	22
Ward, City, Town or Election District	Date of registration	Number on Enrollment Blank	Party of Enrolled Voter (Not Used by Inspectors)	Residence number or other designation	Name of street or avenue	Number of room or door occupied by voter	Surname	Christian name	Number on public counter, Machine No. 1	Number on public counter, Machine No. 2	Number on public counter, Machine No. 1	Number on public counter, Machine No. 2	Number on ballot delivered to voter	Number on ballot voted	Age of voter (A voter over 21 years old may state such age as over 21)	Married, Single or Widowed	In State (years)	In county (years)	In election district (days)	Country of nativity	If the voter be a citizen by naturalization, state the name of the court, the date of the certificate of naturalization, and the date of the admission of the court filing the same. If a woman, the length of time she has been a subject of the United States
168	..	119	R	397	Vanderbilt Av		[illegible]	Patrick A.	195		93	93			31	M.	8	8	8	Ireland	Aug 22nd 1923
169	..	161	Sol Rep	180	Claremont Av.	54	Fansler Jr.	Thomas L.	184						33	M.	6yr	6yr	1yr	U.S.	U.S.
170	.	114	Rep	101	Claremont Av.	41	Fo.	P.													

23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
INFORMATION AS TO VOTERS — NAME OF HOUSEHOLDER, OR TENANT, SUBTENANT OR APARTMENT LESSEE WITH WHOM VOTER RESIDES	WHEN LAST REGISTERING OR VOTING, LIVED AT: Year of last registration	State	City or Town	Number and name of street or avenue	BUSINESS CONNECTION OF VOTER — If the voter is in business for himself or with others the name under which he is so in business, or, if the voter is employed by some other person, the name of his present employer. If he is not in business and has no employment, the word "none" shall be entered, together with the name under which he was last in business or the name of his last employer, if any	LOCATION OF BUSINESS — The street and number or if it has no street number, a brief description of the location of the place, if any, where he is so in business or employed, or, if unemployed, the place, if any, where he was last in business or employed	SIGNATURE OR NUMBER OF IDENTIFICATION STATEMENT ON REGISTRATION DAY	SIGNATURE OR NUMBER OF IDENTIFICATION STATEMENT ON ELECTION DAY	REGISTRATION AND ELECTION REMARKS — Regarding challenges, oaths, literary proof or test, assistance to voters and other matters required to be recorded
[illegible]	1923	..	..	..			Patrick A. Foreclose The foregoing statements are true.	Patrick A. Foreclose The foregoing statements are true.	M.
Tenant	1924	..	..	126 La Salle St	Unemployed		Thomas L. Fansler Jr. The foregoing statements are true.	Thomas L. Fansler Jr. The foregoing statements are true.	M.
[illegible]	[illegible]								M.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 66

Blank sheets of typewriter paper.

Physical exhibit.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 66-A

Copy of Government's Baltimore Exhibit 32, typed in Court by witness McCool on one sheet of Government's Exhibit 66.

Reproduced on following page.

Special Gray

Tientsin via N. R.
Dated February 17, 1938
Rec'd 8:30 a.m.

Secretary of State,

Washington

39, February 17, 2 p. m.
My No. 29, February 11, noon.

I have been reliably informed that 412,000 gallons of kerosene have been imported duty free at Tientsin under Japanese military auspices during February and that 354,000 gallons of duty free kerosene were forwarded to Peiping by the Japanese Takas Petroleum Company between January 1 and February 15 to be placed on the market there.

CALDWELL

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist. Court
S. D. of N. Y.
JAN 17 1950
66a

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 67

Subpoena dated January 3, 1950, served on Department of State for passport records of Whittaker Chambers.

Omitted by stipulation.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 68

Original passport application dated June 11, 1923, Whittaker Chambers.

Omitted here by stipulation; certified copy reproduced as Government's Exhibit 33.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 69

Lease dated December 2, 1937, between Katherine H. Flanagan, Lessor, and Alger Hiss, Lessee, covering 3415 Volta Place.

Reproduced on following pages.

GILLIAT & COMPANY, AGENTS
2625 DUMBARTON AVE. N.W.
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Lease
(In Triplicate)

This Agreement, *Made this* 2nd *day of* December, 1937, *between* Katherine H. Flanagan

party of the first part, and Alger Hiss

party of the second part:

Witnesseth, *That the party of the first part does hereby lease unto the party of the second part premises known as* 3415 Volta Place, Northwest, Washington, D. C.

for the term of Nine months *beginning on the* First *day of* January 1938, *and ending on the* 30th *day of* September, 1938, *for and in consideration of the sum of* Nine Hundred 00/100 Dollars - - - - - ($ 900.00), *payable by the party of the second part without demand at the office of* **GILLIAT & COMPANY, Agents,** *in equal monthly installments of* One Hundred 00/100 Dollars - - - - - - - ($ 100.00) **the first installment to be paid on the execution of this lease,** *and the remaining installments to be paid monthly in advance on the* First *day of every month thereafter, without demand therefor and without any deductions therefrom whatever, same to be begin on the* First *day of* February, 1938, *and of the covenants, conditions and agreements hereinafter contained and by the part of the second part to be kept, done and performed.*

The party of the second part, for himself and his *heirs, executors and administrators, covenants and agrees to take the premises as tenant of the party of the first part for the term aforesaid; that* he *will pay the rent in the manner and at the times aforesaid; that* he *will not assign this leose or sub-let the premises or any part thereof without the written consent of the party of the first part; that* he *will not use or suffer to be used the premises for any disorderly or unlawful purpose, or for any other purpose than as a* dwelling private*; that* he *will not moke any alterations or changes in the premises, or increase the rate of fire insurance thereon beyond an ordinary risk; that* he *will pay all charges for gas, electricity, telephone and water used on the premises when the bills therefor become due and payable; that* he *will remove ice and snow from the sidewalks; and that* he *will at the end of* his *tenancy surrender the said premises, in the like good order in which they are received, ordinary wear and tear and loss or damage by fire and storm excepted.*

That he *will not place nor permit to be placed any signs in or on the interior or exterior of the said leased premises; without written permission from the party of the first part or* her *Agents.*

That during the last month of this tenancy____he____will permit the party of the first part or__her____Agents to enter upon said premises at reasonable hours, for the purpose of showing the same to prospective future tenants or purchasers.

Provided that if the party____of the second part shall fail to pay the rent as aforesaid, or shall violate any of the covenants, conditions, and agreements herein contained, then and in such event the party of the first part, if___he____so elect, may proceed to recover possession of the premises by due process of law, any notice to quit being hereby expressly waived by the party____of the second part, but no waiver of a breach of any covenant, condition or agreement herein contained (or compromise or settlement before or after judgment) shall be construed to be a waiver of the condition, covenant or agreement itself, or of any subsequent breach thereof.

Provided further, in the event of a breach by the party____of the second part of any of the covenants, conditions and agreements herein, and the recovery of the possession of the premises by the party of the first part, the party____of the second part shall not be hereby relieved of___his__liability for the payment of the rent for the unexpired term; and the party of the first part shall have the right to re-let the premises for the benefit of the party____of the second part.

It is mutually agreed that payment of rent shall cease if the said premises shall be destroyed by fire, or be so damaged by fire or any unavoidable casualty as to make the same uninhabitable, and in such event either party may forthwith terminate this lease by written notice to that effect.

It is further agreed that the party of the first part will make all structural repairs to the exterior and interior of the within demised premises that may not be due to the negligence of the party of the second part.

The party of the first part covenants and agrees to pay to Gilliat & Company, Agents, in consideration of services rendered in connection with this lease the usual brokerage commission as established by the Washington Real Estate Board on all rentals collected during this lease, and on all extensions and renewals thereof.

It is agreed that the party of the first part will paint kitchen walls and woodwork and if it is possible to match paper in the middle bed room she will re-paper the South wall.

The party of the second part shall have the privilege of renewing this lease at a rental of not more than $110.00 per month for one year from September 30th, 1938/ provided he gives notice of his intention to exercise said privilege on or before August 31st, 1938.

G.H.

In Witness Whereof, *The parties hereto have hereunto set their hands and seals on the day and year first hereinbefore written.*

K.H.F. Katherine H Flanagan (SEAL)

Alger Hiss (SEAL)

Gilliat & Company, Agents (SEAL)

By A. T. Gilliat

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 70

Lease dated January 17, 1938, between Emma W. Stevens (Agent), Lessor, and George Roulhac, Lessee, covering 2728 P St., N.W., Washington, D.C., leased by the month beginning January 18, 1938, at $30 per month.

Omitted by stipulation.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 71

Card relating to application of The Woodstock Typewriter Company for space at 1000 Connecticut Ave., Washington, D.C.

Front reproduced on following page; back omitted by stipulation.

FORM 2-R 3M 4-38

RENTAL APPLICATION

Baltimore, Md.

RANDALL H. HAGNER & COMPANY, INC.
Washington, D. C.

Deposit $ _____ Date 8/20/38

Name WOODSTOCK TYPEWRITER Co.

Present Address 1528 K St. N.W. Present Rent $ 135.00

Premises desired RM #1 & 2 - 1000 CONN. AVE - 2ND FL.

Rent $ 150.00 1 YR / 175.00 2nd YR Term 2 YRS. Begin SEPT. 15, 1938

Employment BUSINESS

Present Landlord TOBRINER-GRAHAM BREZ & TOBRINER

Bank Reference 2ND NATL BK & HAMILTON BK No. of Adults — Children —

Received by Ned BORD Commission NED BORD

Owner's Name LAMBERT-TREE ESTATE Address _____

DO NOT FILL IN - FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

RENT BEGIN 9/15/38 MONTHLY RENTAL $ ~~150.00 1st Yr.~~ 175.00 2nd YEAR TERMS 9/15/39 list 7/18/39

DATE OF OCCUPANCY LIST 8/20/38 VACATED 7/15/40 list 9/17. $225.00 rate

NAME Woodstock Typewriter Co. ADDRESS Rmm. 1 & 2-1000 Conn.Ave.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 72

Lease dated March 29, 1938, between Edward H. Batson, Lessor, and The Woodstock Typewriter Company, Lessee, covering first floor, 1526 and 1528 K St., N.W., Washington, D.C., from May 1, 1938, to April 30, 1940, at $1620 per annum.

Omitted by stipulation.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 73

Classified advertisements appearing in Washington "Evening Star", October 17, 26, 27 and 28, 1937, and Washington "Post", December 5, 1937, respectively.

Advertisements for rental of 3415 Volta Place reproduced on following page; balance of exhibit omitted by stipulation.

...24 Virginia ave. s.w.

GEORGETOWN—REMODELED HOME ON quiet street: walled garden, terrace, sun deck, open fireplaces; 3 bed rooms; automatic heat. West 1617-J.

...-ROOM BRICK HOUSE, 2-CAR GARAGE

...nth. JOSEPH C. ZIRKLE, District 8800.

GEORGETOWN—REMODELED HOUSE, 3 bedrooms, sun deck, terrace, walled garden, open fireplaces, 2 stairways, oil burner, insulated; on quiet street. West 1617-J. Can be seen day or evening.

...KOMA—MODERN DETACHED BUNG...

...ween L and M sts. n.e.).

GEORGETOWN—REMODELED HOUSE, 3 bedrooms, sun deck, terrace, walled garden, open fireplaces, 2 stairways, oil burner, insulated; on quiet street. West 1617-J. Can be seen day or evening.

...HEVY CHASE, D. C., 4112 JENIFER ST

...onth. JOSEPH C. ZIRKLE, District 8800.

GEORGETOWN—REMODELED HOUSE, 3 bedrooms, sun deck, terrace, walled garden, open fireplaces, 2 stairways, oil burner, insulated; on quiet street. West 1617-J. Can be seen day or evening.

...ANGDON, D. C., 2714 22nd ST. N.E.—...

...ard. NA. 1040 or WI. 5779.

GEORGETOWN, 3415 Volta Pl. NW.—Remodeled 6-room house with attic; automatic heat; insulated; walled garden; terrace; sun deck; 2 stairways; open fireplaces; large living room. Open for inspection Sunday from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.

...ATTSVILLE—5 rms., bath, a.m.i. fur-

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 74

Two photographs of interior of 3415 Volta Place.

Reproduced on following page.

553

552

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 75-A

Nine photographs of 3415 Volta Place.

Reproduced on following pages.

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 75-B

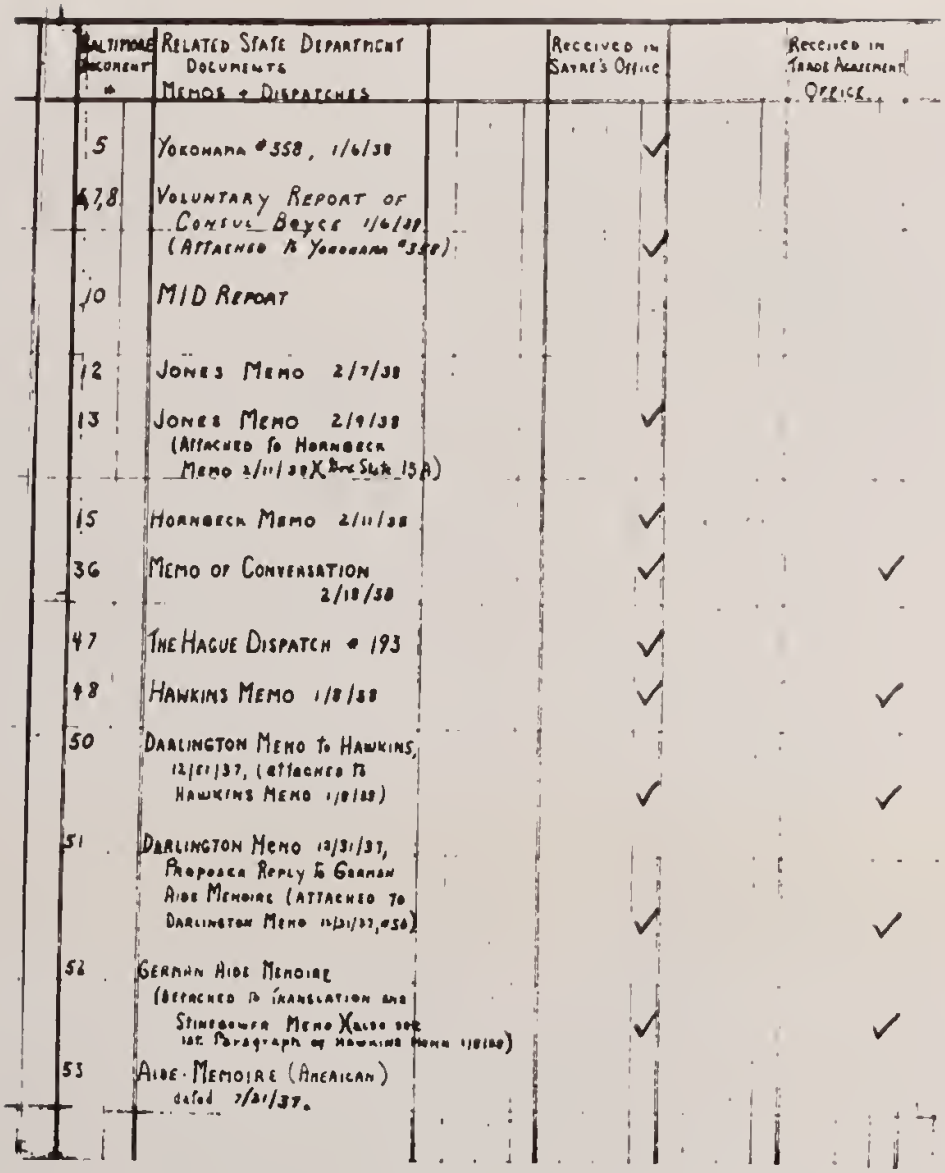
Three photographs of 3415 Volta Place.

Reproduced on following page

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 76

Chart purporting to show distribution of documents comprising Government's State Exhibits 1 through 48 and 50 through 55.

Reproduced on following pages.



Baltimore Document #	Related State Department Documents Memos + Dispatches	Received in Sayre's Office	Received in Trade Agreement Office
5	Yokohama #558, 1/6/38	✓	
6,7,8	Voluntary Report of Consul Boyce 1/6/38 (Attached to Yokohama #558)	✓	
10	MID Report		
12	Jones Memo 2/7/38		
13	Jones Memo 2/9/38 (Attached to Hornbeck Memo 2/11/38 X State 15A)	✓	
15	Hornbeck Memo 2/11/38	✓	
36	Memo of Conversation 2/18/38	✓	✓
47	The Hague Dispatch # 193	✓	
48	Hawkins Memo 1/8/38	✓	✓
50	Darlington Memo to Hawkins, 12/21/37, (attached to Hawkins Memo 1/8/38)	✓	✓
51	Darlington Memo 12/31/37, Proposed Reply to German Aide Memoire (attached to Darlington Memo 12/31/37, #50)	✓	✓
52	German Aide Memoire (Attached to translation and Stinebower Memo X also see 1st Paragraph of Hawkins Memo 1/8/38)	✓	✓
53	Aide-Memoire (American) dated 7/21/37.		

CHART SHOWING DISTIBUTION OF UNDERLYING STATE DEPARTMENT DOCUMENTS (GOV. EXHIBITS STATE I THRU 48 AND 50 THRU 55), TO OFFICES OF FRANCIS B. SAYRE AND TRADE AGGREEMENTS, AS INDICATED BY DISTRIBUTION COPIES, OFFICE STAMPS, ROUTINGS AND DRAFTING OFFICE INITIALS.

Baltimore Document No.	Related State Department Document Telegrams	Distribution to Sayre's Office	Distribution to Trade Agreement
1	Moscow # 30	✓	
2	Paris # 324	✓	
3	London # 179	✓	
4	Shanghai # 378	✓	
9	Paris # 20	✓	
	Paris # 55	✓	
	Paris # 56	✓	
11 (1)	Tsingtao # 21	✓	
	Hankow # 47		
	Peiping # 63	✓	
	Bern # 7	✓	
	Milan 1/29/38	✓	
	Peiping # 68	✓	
11 (2)	Peiping # 73	✓	
	Tokyo # 61	✓	
	Peiping # 74	✓	
	Second Brigade U.S.M.C. 8631	✓	
	To Rome # 7	✓	
	Peiping # 80	✓	
	Tokyo # 67	✓	
11 (3)	London # 57	✓	
	Seville # 1	✓	
11 (4)	London # 69	✓	
	London # 70	✓	
	Paris # 136	✓	
14	Peiping # 104	✓	
	Shanghai # 240	✓	
16	Berlin # 52	✓	
17	Tokyo # 100	✓	
18	Vienna # 17	✓	
19	Berlin # 56	✓	
20	Peiping # 110	✓	
21	Chefoo 2/14/38	✓	
22	Vienna # 18	✓	
23	Vienna # 20	✓	
24	Paris # 240	✓	
25	To Vienna # 6	✓	
26	Paris # 241	✓	
27	London # 136	✓	
28	Paris # 249	✓	
29	Paris # 255	✓	
30	Vienna # 25	✓	
31	Vienna # 24	✓	
	Berlin # 54	✓	✓
	Rome # 34	✓	
	Berlin # 62	✓	
32	Tientsin # 39	✓	
33	Tokyo # 111	✓	
34	Berlin # 60	✓	
35	Paris # 261	✓	
37	London # 257	✓	
38	Buenos Aires 3/26/38	✓	
39	Belgrade # 47	✓	
40	Rome # 76	✓	
41	Tampico 3/28/38	✓	
42	Tokyo # 211	✓	
	Mardet Tientsin 3/28/38		
43	Rome # 77	✓	
44	Praha # 50	✓	
45	Warsaw # 38	✓	
46	To Costa Rica # 17	✓	
	To Panama # 17	✓	
	Panama # 28	✓	
	San Jose # 22	✓	
	Fourth Marines # 8631	✓	
	Peiping # 201	✓	✓
47	London # 260	✓	
	To London # 134	✓	
	Paris # 497	✓	
	Genoa 4/1/38	✓	
54	Hankow # 24	✓	
55	Tsingtao # 17	✓ *	
	Paris # 63	✓	

* See Baltimore 55 with Sayre Office Stamp

Goods

EXHIBIT
U. S. Dist Court
S. D. of N. Y.
JAN 17 1950

76

GOVERNMENT'S EXHIBIT 77

Chart purporting to show distribution of documents comprising Government's State Exhibits 1 through 48 and 50 through 55.

Reproduced on following pages.

Baltimore Document No.		Related State Department Document	Distribution to Sayre's Office	Distribution to Far East
		TELEGRAMS		
1		Moscow # 30	✓	X
2		Paris # 324	✓	X
3		London # 179	✓	✓
4		Shanghai # 378	✓	X
9		Paris # 20	✓	X
		Paris # 55	✓	X
		Paris # 56	✓	X
11	(1)	Tsingtao # 21	✓	✓
		Hankow # 47	✓	✓
		Peiping # 63	✓	✓
		Bern # 7	✓	X
		Milan 1/29/38	✓	✓
		Peiping # 68	✓	✓
11	(2)	Peiping # 73	✓	✓
		Tokyo # 61	✓	✓
		Peiping # 74	✓	✓
		Second Brigade U.S.M.C. 863	✓	✓
		To Rome # 7	✓	✓
		Peiping # 80	✓	✓
		Tokyo # 67	✓	✓
11	(3)	London # 57	✓	X
		Seville # 1	✓	X
11	(4)	London # 69	✓	X
		London # 70	✓	X
		Paris # 136	✓	X
14		Peiping # 104	✓	✓
		Shanghai # 240	✓	✓
16		Berlin # 52	✓	X
17		Tokyo # 100	✓	X
18		Vienna # 17	✓	X
19		Berlin # 56	✓	X
20		Peiping # 110	✓	✓
21		Chefoo 2/14/38	✓	✓
22		Vienna # 18	✓	X
23		Vienna # 20	✓	X
24		Paris # 240	✓	X
25		To Vienna # 6	✓	X
26		Paris # 241	✓	X
27		London # 136	✓	X
28		Paris # 249	✓	X
29		Paris # 255	✓	X
30		Vienna # 25	✓	X
31		Vienna # 24	✓	X
		Berlin # 54	✓	X
		Rome # 34	✓	X
		Berlin # 62	✓	X
32		Tientsin # 39	✓	✓
33		Tokyo # 111	✓	✓
34		Berlin # 60	✓	X
35		Paris # 261	✓	X
37		London # 257	✓	X
38		Buenos Aires 3/26/38	✓	✓
39		Belgrade # 47	✓	X
40		Rome # 76	✓	X
41		Tampico 3/29/38	✓	X
42		Tokyo # 211	✓	✓
		Marbet Tientsin 3/28/38	✓	✓
43		Rome # 77	✓	X
44		Praha # 50	✓	X
45		Warsaw # 38	✓	X
46		To Costa Rica # 17	✓	X
		To Panama # 17	✓	X
		Panama # 28	✓	X
		San Jose # 22	✓	X
		Fourth Marines # 8631	✓	✓
		Peiping # 201	✓	✓
47		London # 260	✓	X
		To London # 134	✓	X
		Paris # 497	✓	X
		Genoa 4/1/38	✓	X
54		Hankow # 24	✓	✓
55		Tsingtao # 17	✓	✓
		Paris # 63	✓	X

* See Baltimore 55 with State Office Stamp

Baltimore Document #	Related State Department Documents Memos + Dispatches	Received in Sayre's Office	Received in Far Eastern Office
5	Yokohama #358, 1/6/38	✓	✓
6,7,8	Voluntary Report of Consul Boyce 1/6/38 (Attached to Yokohama #358)	✓	✓
10	MID Report		✓
12	Jones Memo 2/7/38		✓
13	Jones Memo 2/9/38 (Attached to Hornbeck Memo 2/11/38)	✓	✓
15	Hornbeck Memo 2/11/38	✓	
36	Memo of Conversation 2/18/38	✓	
47	The Hague Dispatch # 193	✓	
48	Hawkins Memo 1/8/38	✓	
50	Darlington Memo to Hawkins 12/31/37, (attached to Hawkins Memo 1/8/38)	✓	
51	Darlington Memo 12/31/37, Proposed Reply to German Aide Memoire (attached to Darlington Memo 12/31/37, #50)	✓	
52	German Aide Memoire (Attached to Translation and Stinebower Memo)	✓	
53	Aide-Memoire (Translation) dated 7/21/37.		

JOHN JAY COLLEGE OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE
3 1699 00040 4451

Murrelle Printing Company, Law Printers, Sayre, Pa.
(N. Y. Office 175 Fifth Ave.)

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